# Cyngor Abertawe Swansea Council

# **City and County of Swansea**

# **Notice of Meeting**

You are invited to attend a Meeting of the

# **Statutory Licensing Sub Committee**

At: Council Chamber - Civic Centre, Swansea

On: Thursday, 7 February 2019

Time: 10.00 am

**Chair:** Councillor Penny Matthews

Membership:

Councillors: P Lloyd and L G Thomas

# Agenda

Page No.

- 1 Apologies for Absence.
- 2 Disclosures of Personal and Prejudicial Interests. www.swansea.gov.uk/disclosuresofinterests
- 3 Licensing Act 2003 Section 17 Application For a Premises 1 135 Licence Depot, Langdon Road, Port Tennant, Swansea.

Huw Ears

Huw Evans Head of Democratic Services Tuesday, 29 January 2019

Contact: Democratic Services - 01792 636923

# Agenda Item 3



# Report of the Divisional Licensing Officer Statutory Licensing Sub Committee - 7 February 2019

# Licensing Act 2003 Section 17 Application For a Premises Licence

1. Premises: Depot, Langdon Road, Port Tennant, Swansea SA1 8PB

2. Applicant: Eventile Limited, Depot, Dumballs Road, Cardiff CF10 5FE

3. Application For A New Premises Licence

**3.1** An application for a new premises licence was received by this authority on the 18th December 2018. The applicant has applied for a premises licence to allow the following licensable activities to take place.

Plays: Monday to Sunday 10:00 – 00:00hrs

Films: Monday to Sunday 10:00 – 00:00hrs

**Indoor Sporting Events:** Monday to Sunday 10:00 – 00:00hrs

Boxing, Wrestling: Monday to Sunday 10:00 – 00:00hrs

**Live Music:** Monday to Sunday 10:00 – 00:00hrs

Recorded Music: Monday to Sunday 10:00 – 00:00hrs

**Performance of Dance:** Monday to Sunday 10:00 – 00:00hrs

Anything similar to Live Music, Recorded Music or Performance of

**Dance:** Monday to Sunday 10:00 – 00:00hrs

**Late night refreshment:** Monday to Sunday 23:00 – 00:30hrs

**Supply of Alcohol:** Monday to Sunday 10:00 – 00:00hrs

Premises open to the Public: Monday to Sunday 10:00hrs to

00:30hrs;

For all above - a further additional hour into the morning every Friday, Saturday, Sunday and Monday every May Bank Holiday, Spring/Whitsun Bank Holiday and every August Bank Holiday weekend. A further additional hour into the morning following every Thursday, Friday, Saturday Sunday and Monday for the Easter bank Holiday Weekend. A further additional hour every Christmas Eve and Boxing Day. An extension from the end of permitted hours each New Year's Eve to the start of the permitted hours on New Year's Day

The Application was submitted with supporting evidence. The supporting evidence is attached at **Appendix A** to this report.

# 4. Background

The premises is situated to the rear of an industrial compound with several other businesses operating from industrial units. These include Ackland Motor Garage; SA1 pallets; a disused unit in a poor state of repair; Swansea Clutch Repair; Limitless Trampoline Park; Swansea Coach Works.

Vehicle and pedestrian access to the compound can be gained through the main gates along Langdon Road and the rear of Bevans Row. Pedestrian access is through a gate on Fabian Way. There is a security guard on site who locks these gates following the closure of the latest opening business.

A location map can be found at **Appendix B.** 

## 5. Promotion Of The Licensing Objectives

- **5.1** The Licensing Act 2003 contains four licensing objectives, namely:-
- (i) Prevention of Crime and Disorder
- (ii) Public Safety
- (iii) Prevention of Public Nuisance
- (iv) Protection of Children from Harm

Each of these objectives is of equal importance and the application must demonstrate how they are to be promoted.

Conditions consistent with the operating schedule that will be attached to the licence if granted are at **Appendix C**.

#### 6. RELEVANT REPRESENTATIONS

- 6.1 Responsible Authorities
- a) South Wales Police

Representations and supporting evidence.

- b) Trading Standards No representations.
- c) Mid and West Wales Fire Authority No representations.
- d) Health and Safety No representations.
- e) Planning Authority Representations and supporting evidence.
- f) Pollution Division No representations.
- g) Child Protection No representations.
- h) Primary Care Trust/Local Health Board No representations.
- i) Licensing AuthorityRepresentations.
- j) Immigration No representations.
- j) Other Persons

# Representations have been received from :

- 1. Cllr Hale, Councillor for St Thomas Ward
- 2. Linda Summons resident Bevans Row, Port Tennant who has written authority to represent eleven other residents of Bevans Row, Port Tennant, Swansea

These representations are attached at **Appendix D**.

# 7. Policy Considerations

7.1 In considering this application Members should have regard to the Council's current statement of Licensing Policy adopted in July 2018. Specifically in relation to this application;

**Duplication – Section 11** 

Paragraph 11.3 In particular, Planning and Licensing regimes will be properly separated to avoid duplication and inefficiency. Licensing applications will not be a re-run of a planning application and the licensing decisions will not cut

across decisions taken by a planning committee or permissions granted on appeal.

There is no legal basis for the Licensing Authority to refuse an application because it does not have planning permission. The Licensing Authority will advise all new applicants to liaise with planning services to ensure they apply or any necessary permissions.

**7.2** A copy of the Authority's Policy has previously been circulated to Members.

# 8. Guidance Issued By The Home Secretary

- **8.1** Members should also have regard to the relevant parts of the current guidance issued by the Home Secretary in April 2018, in particular;
- (i) Introduction Chapter 1
- (ii) Licensing Objectives Chapter 2
- (iii) Applications For Premises Licenses Chapter 8
- (iv) Conditions attached to Premises Licenses Chapter 10
- (v) Promotion of Equality Chapter 14 paragraphs 14.66 -14.67

All the representations received raise concerns regarding Public Safety specifically when accessing and dispersing from the premises whilst having consumed alcohol.

Paragraphs 2.7 – 2.14 of the Guidance refers to Public Safety, in particular –

Paragraph 2.10 states: Licence holders should make provision to ensure that premises users safely leave their premises. Measures that may assist include:

- Providing information on the premises of local taxi companies who can provide safe transportation home; and
- Ensuring adequate lighting outside the premises, particularly on paths leading to and from the premises and in car parks.

The residents representations also raise concerns regarding Crime and Disorder paragraphs 2.1 to 2.6. and Public Nuisance paragraphs 2.15 to 2.21 and – In particular:

Paragraph 2.15 The 2003 Act enables licensing authorities and responsible authorities, through representations, to consider what constitutes public nuisance and what is appropriate to prevent it in terms of conditions attached to specific premises licences and club premises certificates. It is therefore important that in considering the promotion of this licensing objective, licensing authorities and responsible authorities focus on the effect of the licensable activities at the specific premises on persons living and working (including those carrying on business) in the area around the premises which may be disproportionate and unreasonable. The issues will mainly concern noise nuisance, light pollution, noxious smells and litter.

Paragraph 2.16 Public nuisance is given a statutory meaning in many pieces of legislation. It is however not narrowly defined in the 2003 Act and retains its broad common law meaning. It may include in appropriate circumstances the reduction of the living and working amenity and environment of other persons living and working in the area of the licensed premises. Public nuisance may also arise as a result of the adverse effects of artificial light, dust, odour and insects or where its effect is prejudicial to health.

Paragraph 2.19 Where applications have given rise to representations, any appropriate conditions should normally focus on the most sensitive periods. For example, the most sensitive period for people being disturbed by unreasonably loud music is at night and into the early morning when residents in adjacent properties may be attempting to go to sleep or are sleeping. This is why there is still a need for a licence for performances of live music between 11 pm and 8 am. In certain circumstances, conditions relating to noise emanating from the premises may also be appropriate to address any disturbance anticipated as customers enter and leave.

Paragraph 2.20 Measures to control light pollution will also require careful thought. Bright lighting outside premises which is considered appropriate to prevent crime and disorder may itself give rise to light pollution for some neighbours. Applicants, licensing authorities and responsible authorities will need to balance these issues.

Paragraph 2.21 Beyond the immediate area surrounding the premises, these are matters for the personal responsibility of individuals under the law. An individual who engages in anti-social behaviour is accountable in their own right. However, it would be perfectly reasonable for a licensing authority to impose a condition, following relevant representations, that requires the licence holder or club to place signs at the exits from the building encouraging patrons to be quiet until they leave the area, or that, if they wish to smoke, to do so at designated places on the premises instead of outside, and to respect the rights of people living nearby to a peaceful night.

Planning and building control - Chapter 14

Paragraph 14.64 The statement of licensing policy should indicate that planning permission, building control approval and licensing regimes will be properly separated to avoid duplication and inefficiency. The planning and licensing regimes involve consideration of different (albeit related) matters. Licensing committees are not bound by decisions made by a planning committee, and vice versa. However, as set out in chapter 9, licensing committees and officers should consider discussions with their planning counterparts prior to determination with the aim of agreeing mutually acceptable operating hours and scheme designs

**8.2** A copy of the Home Secretary's Guidance has previously been circulated to Members.

# 9. Determination Of The Application

- **9.1** The decision must be based on the individual merits of the application and the representations received, with a view to promoting the licensing objectives outlined in paragraph 5 above.
- **9.2** In addition in arriving at the decision Members should have regard to the relevant provisions of the Council's Statement of Licensing Policy and the Secretary of State's Guidance as previously provided. Reasons must be provided for any departures from the Policy or Guidance.
- **9.3** In reaching the decision the Committee must, having regard to the representations, take such steps mentioned below (if any) as it considers appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives:-
- a. Grant the licence subject to:
- i) conditions that reflect the operating schedule, modified to such extent as the authority considers appropriate for promotion of the licensing objectives. Certain regulated entertainment under the Licensing Act 2003 (as amended) has been deregulated. Where entertainment is deregulated, but licensable activities continue to take place on any premises, any licence conditions imposed on a grant of a licence in respect of any deregulated entertainment will be suspended.
- ii) any mandatory conditions relevant to the licence
- b. Exclude any of the licensable activities to which the application relates.
- c. Refuse to specify a person in the licence as the premises supervisor.
- d. Reject the application

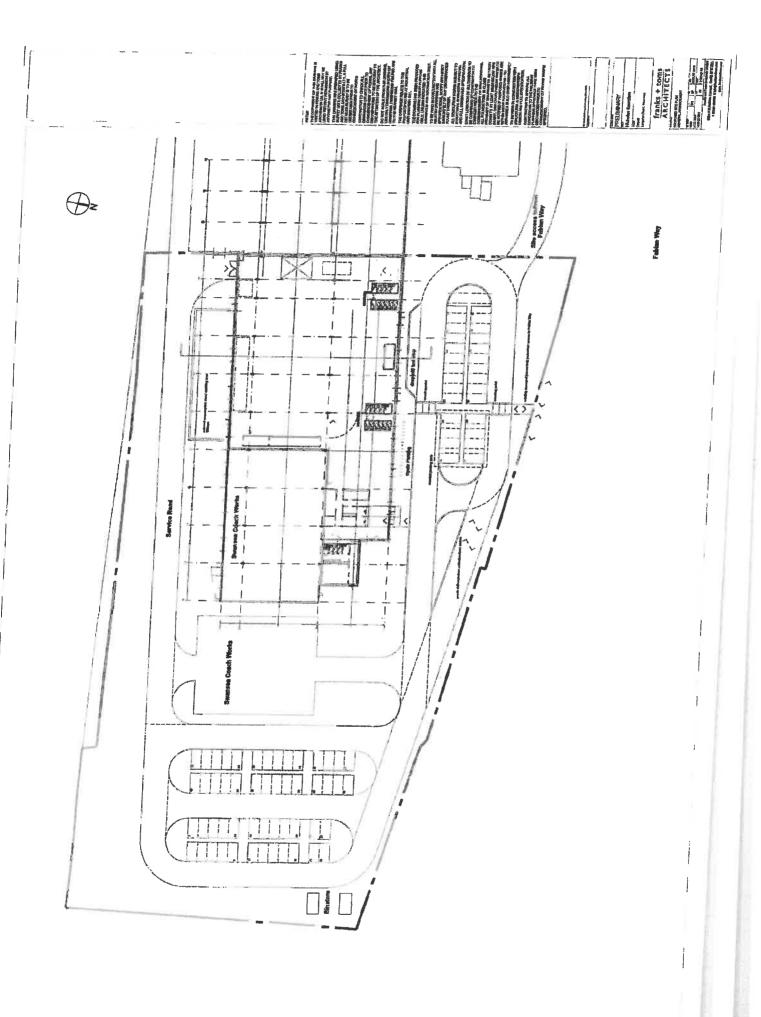
The Licensing Sub Committee's instructions are requested.

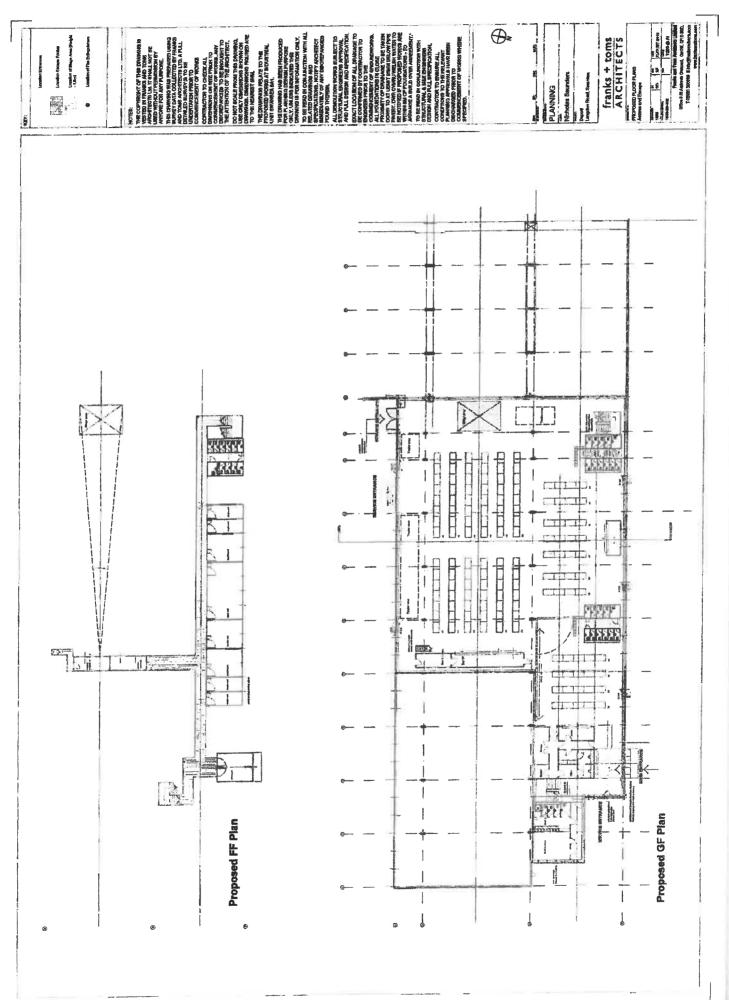
**Background Papers:** Licence Application

**Contact Officer:** Charles Gabe **Extension:** 01792 635600

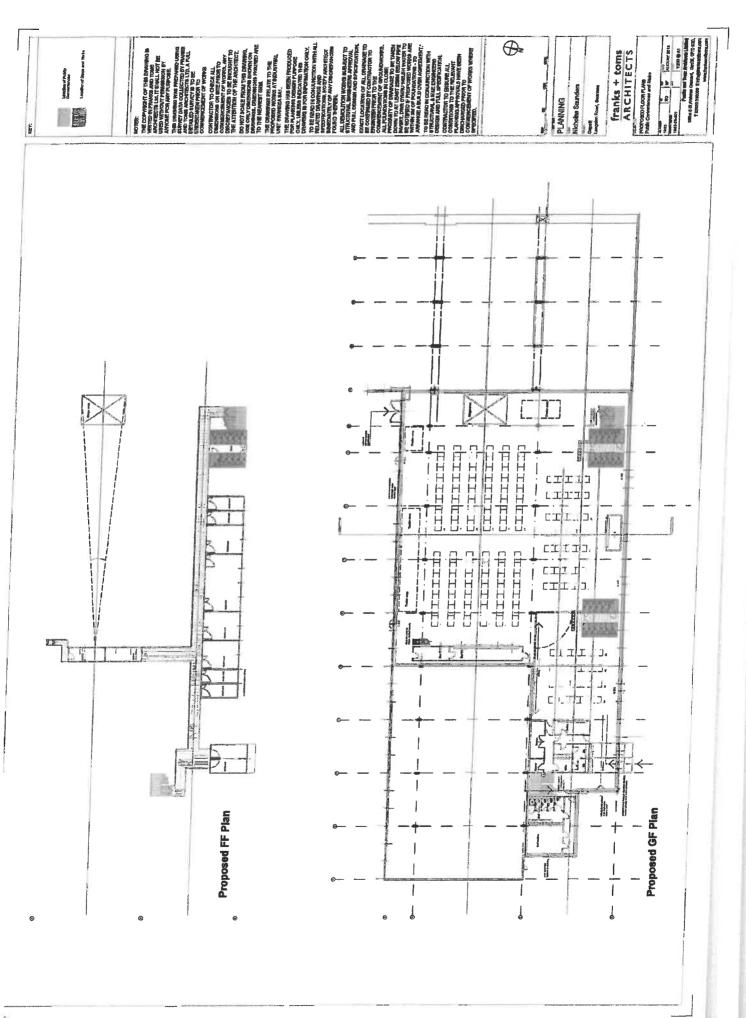
	Action	man, in the second of the seco	
Security	• To keep the security for an avtra half and	Whom	When
	the manner customers leave the premises.	WL/WD	Immediately
	• Increase the visibility of security staff via hi-visibility jackets outside the	Wr//MQ	
	once outside and disperse crowd away from residential areas		Immediately
	<ul> <li>Concentrate security staff on key areas to manage the traffic predominantly taxis.</li> </ul>	WL/WD	Immediately
a mode — very control or control	<ul> <li>Security briefed to take time clearing the venue at the end of night allowing groups to leaving in smaller numbers at any given time.</li> </ul>	DW	Immediately
Staff	<ul> <li>Refresher training for all bar staff about serving customers that may already appear intoxicated</li> </ul>	Wr	Immediately
Cameras	• N/A.	grands	
Bars	• N/A	e de la constante de la consta	Of Calendaria Company (III) Calendaria
Building	To keep mellow music playing until 1130 at a lower volume to allow.	DALI BA	200
	groups to filter out slowly.	DANSAA	Immediately
	<ul> <li>Reep the front of the building free of parked cars to allow taxis an area to pull up and turn around away from the flats. Security marshals to help manage this.</li> </ul>	Wr/WD	Immediately
	<ul> <li>Signs to displayed around the venue especially on the route out asking customers to respect neighbors.</li> </ul>	WLYWO	Immediately
management	Managers to ensure there is a Manager present on the front door when ever possible to ensure that the state of the same and the state of the same and the same are the same and the same are the same and the same are the sa	ALL	. Interipret
	<ul> <li>Noise readings to be monitored and documented.</li> </ul>	ALL	Ongoing
	in the second of		Dillogico -

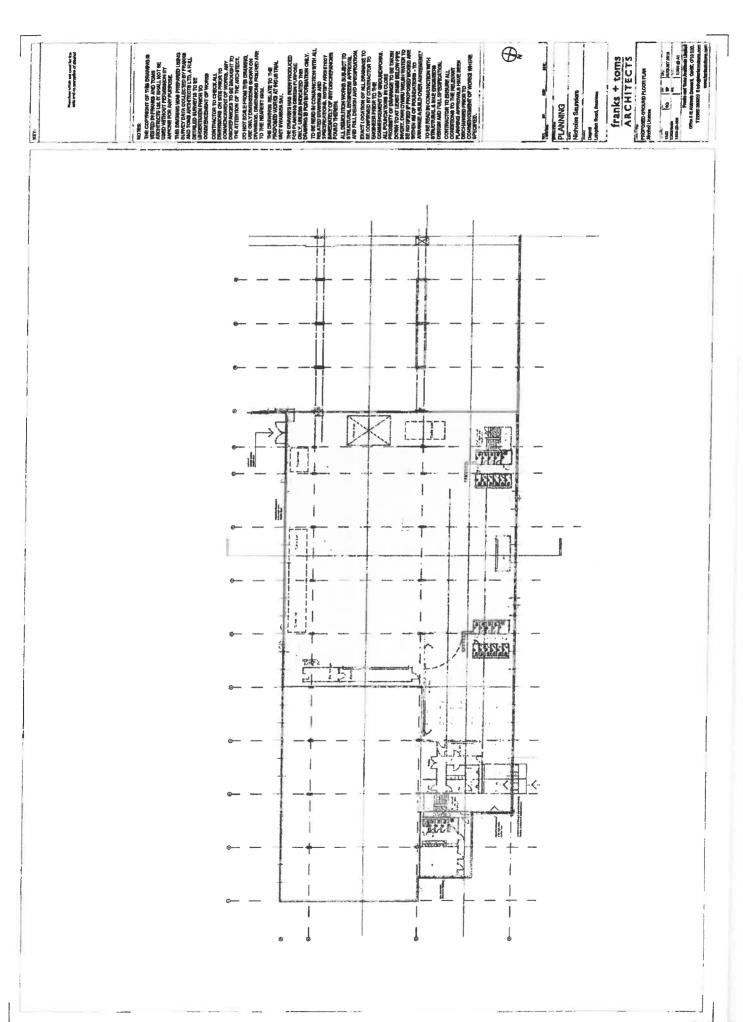
Immediately	Ongoing Immediately	- Other adjunctions and the second of the se
BW	JW.	
<ul> <li>All promotions and marketing online to include message about noise control and respecting neighbors.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Intoxication awareness training. Vulnerability training.</li> <li>Extra staff on front till to ensure that customer enter the premises quicker.</li> </ul>	
Marketing	Training Bookings	edi in and in company of the company





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WASTE RESOLIRCE MANAGEMENT



THE DEPOT

THE DEPOT, LANGDON ROAD, SWANSEA

**NOISE ASSESSMENT REPORT** 

**AUGUST 2018** 



wardell

#### **Wardell Armstrong**

22 Windsor Place, Cardiff, CF10 3BY United Kingdom

Telephone: +44 (0)2920 729 191 Facsimile: +44 (0)2920 387 261 www.wardell-armstrong.com



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001

THE DEPOT

THE DEPOT, DUMBALLS ROAD, CARDIFF

**NOISE ASSESSMENT REPORT** 

**AUGUST 2018** 

PREPARED BY:

**Rosie Pitt** 

Senior Environmental Scientist

**CHECKED AND APPROVED BY:** 

Mark Dawson

**Technical Director** 

(MIOA)

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Registered office: Sir Henry Doulton House, Forge Lane, Etruria, Stoke-on-Trent, ST1 58D, United Kingdom

UK Offices: Stoke-on-Trent, Birmingham, Cardiff, Carlisle, Edinburgh, Greater Manchester, London, Newcastle upon Tyne, Penryn, Sheffield, Trurc, West Bromwich. International Offices: Almaty, Moscow

**ENERGY AND CLIMATE CHANGE ENVIRONMENT AND SUSTAINABILITY** INFRASTRUCTURE AND UTILITIES LAND AND PROPERTY MINING AND MINERAL PROCESSING MINERAL ESTATES AND QUARRYING WASTE RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

# Wardell Armstrong

22 Windsor Place, Cardiff, CF10 3BY United Kingdom
Telephone: +44 (0)2920 729 191 Facsimile: +44 (0)2920 387 261 www.wardell-armstrong.com



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4	Noise Impact Assessment	٥
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# **APPENDICES**

Appendix 1 Noise Monitoring Results

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#### 1 INTRODUCTION

- 1.1.1 Wardell Armstrong LLP was commissioned to undertake a noise assessment for a proposed venue at the Depot in Swansea, to be used for music, entertainment and restaurant activities within the industrial estate on Langdon Road, Swansea. The proposed opening hours for the venue will be 1000 until 0000 Monday to Friday.
- 1.1.2 The site is located in eastern Swansea on Langdon Road. To the north of the site lies Langdon Road beyond which lies the A438. There is a 2m high brick wall in between Langdon Road and the A483. Approximately 115m to the north of the site lies a residential area on Wern Fawr Road. To the east of the site lie further industrial and commercial buildings, beyond which lies open land. To the south of the site lies further open land, beyond which lies another industrial area. To the west of the site lie industrial buildings, beyond which, approximately 190m to the west of the site lies a residential area on Bevans Row and Wern Terrace. The 2m high brick wall along Langdon Road extends along the southern garden boundaries of the properties on Bevans Row.
- 1.1.3 The report comprises an assessment of potential noise impacts upon the existing residential dwellings from the proposed activities at the Depot including noise from music, use of microphones, noise from crowds and noise from additional road traffic, particularly at closing time. The report assesses the results of noise surveys carried out in accordance with current guidance and includes recommendations for noise mitigation as appropriate.



# 2 ASSESSMENT METHODOLODGY

# 2.1 Consultation and Scope of Works

- 2.1.1 Prior to carrying out the noise assessment, Wardell Armstrong discussed and agreed the assessment methodology with the Environmental Health Department at Swansea Council. It was agreed that consideration should be given to the potential noise from music and use of microphones within the venue and also the noise from crowds and additional traffic on Langdon Road.
- 2.1.2 In order to establish likely noise levels from the venue it was agreed with Swansea Council Environmental Health that data collected at the existing Depot venue in Cardiff could be used for the assessment as the proposed uses and noise reductions measures at the Swansea venue will be largely the same.
- 2.1.3 The noise reduction measures at the Cardiff Depot include, but are not limited to the following:
  - Noise insulated fire escapes and acoustically boxed doorways;
  - Wall cavities filled with noise insulating foam;
  - High specification acoustic curtains; and
  - Directive sound system in order to direct sound to where it is wanted more efficiently.
- 2.1.4 The Noise Assessment considers the suitability of the site for the proposed use and hours of operation, and takes into account current guidance including:
  - Planning Policy Wales November 2016;
  - Planning Guidance (Wales): Technical Advice Note (Wales) 11 (TAN11);
  - The World Health Organisation Guidelines for Community Noise, 1999 (WHO);
  - British Standard 8233: 2014 Guidance on sound insulation and noise reduction for buildings (BS8233);
  - Good Practice Guide on the control of Noise from Pubs and Clubs; and

#### 2.2 Noise Survey:

- 2.2.1 As part of this assessment, Wardell Armstrong LLP has carried out an attended noise survey to assess the current ambient and background noise levels at existing receptor locations. The noise survey is discussed in Section 3 of this report.
- 2.3 Assessment Methodology Adopted:
- 2.3.1 An assessment is required to consider any potential noise impacts on sensitive areas

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surrounding the establishment. The potential impacts have been assessed with reference to current guidance.

# Planning Policy Wales, November 2016

2.3.2 Planning Policy Wales (PPW) is the current planning policy guidance within Wales. The planning guidance defines the objectives for PPW. These are detailed in paragraph 13.1.2;

The Welsh Government's objectives are to:

- maximise environmental protection for people, natural and cultural resources, property and infrastructure; and,
- prevent or manage pollution and promote good environmental practice.'

# 2.3.3 In particular reference to noise Paragraph 13.13.1 of the PPW states:

'Noise can affect people's health and well-being and have a direct impact on wildlife and local amenity. Noise levels provide an indicator of local environmental quality. The objective of a policy for noise is to minimise emissions and reduce ambient noise levels to an acceptable standard. Noise Action Plans, drawn up by the Welsh Ministers in relation to Wales under the Environmental Noise Directive, and the Wales Regulations, aim to prevent and reduce environmental noise where necessary and preserve environmental noise quality where it is good. They are a planning consideration in the use and development of land.'

# Planning Guidance (Wales): Technical Advice Note (Wales) 11 (TAN11)

# 2.3.4 Tan 11 states that

"Local planning authorities must ensure that noise generating development does not cause an unacceptable degree of disturbance. They should also bear in mind that if subsequent intensification or change of use results in greater intrusion, consideration should be given to the use of appropriate conditions."

# World Health Organisation Guidelines for Community Noise, 1999 (WHO)

2.3.5 The WHO Guidelines for Community Noise 1999 suggest guideline values for internal noise exposure which take into consideration the identified health effects and are set, based on the lowest effect levels for general populations. Guideline values for annoyance which relate to external noise exposure are set at 50 or 55 dB(A),

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representing day time levels below which a majority of the adult population will be protected from becoming moderately or seriously annoyed respectively.

- 2.3.6 The following guideline values are suggested by WHO:
  - 35 dB L<sub>Aeq</sub> (16 hour) during the day time in noise sensitive rooms
  - 30 dB L<sub>Aeq</sub> (8 hour) during the night time in bedrooms
  - 45 dB L<sub>Amax</sub> (fast) during the night time in bedrooms
  - 50 dB L<sub>Aeq</sub> (16 hour) to protect majority of population from becoming moderately annoyed
  - 55 dB L<sub>Aeq</sub> (16 hour) to protect majority of population from becoming seriously annoyed

# British Standard 8233 – Guidance on sound insulation and noise reduction for buildings, 2014

2.3.7 British Standard 8233 "Guidance on sound insulation and noise reduction for buildings"
2014 bases its advice on the WHO Guidelines. In addition, for internal noise levels it states;

"Where development is considered necessary or desirable, despite external noise levels above WHO guidelines, the internal target levels may be relaxed by up to 5 dB and reasonable internal conditions still achieved."

# Good Practice Guide on the Control of Noise from Pubs and Clubs, March 2003

- 2.3.8 The good practice guide provides guidance for the assessment of noise affecting noise-sensitive properties, from the public and private use of public houses and other similar premises. The main noise sources considered are music, singing, public address systems, children's play areas, beer gardens, people in general, car parks and access roads, deliveries, collections, materials handling, plant and machinery and skittle alleys.
- 2.3.9 The guidance states that there should an attempt to ensure that:

"for premises where entertainment takes place on a regular basis, music and associated sources should not be audible inside noise-sensitive property at any time" and

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"for premises where entertainment takes place less frequently, music and associated sources should not be audible inside noise-sensitive property between 23:00 and 07:00 hours"

- 2.3.10 The guidance also suggests some mitigation measures for the control of noise sources from generated from pubs, such as the following:
  - The determination of an appropriate level of sound insulation based on realistic source and receptor levels;
  - Automatic door closers;
  - The provision of well sealed acoustic doors on emergency exits;
  - The provision of sound insulated windows;
  - Where possible plant and machinery should be positioned in a way that the building structure provides as much screening as possible for nearby noise sensitive properties; And
  - Regular maintenance should be carried out on all plant and machinery to ensure noise sensitive disturbance from such sources is kept to a minimum.



#### 3 NOISE SURVEY

- 3.1.1 On the 27<sup>th</sup> July and 10<sup>th</sup> August 2018 Wardell Armstrong LLP carried out a noise survey at the existing Depot in Cardiff and at representative sensitive receptors near to the proposed Depot in Swansea respectively.
- 3.1.2 Attended noise measurements were taken at a total of four monitoring locations; two in Cardiff and two in Swansea. They are considered to be representative the likely noise levels from the proposed Depot and of the existing sensitive receptors nearest to it. The monitoring locations are as follows, and are shown below in Figures 1 and 2:
  - Monitoring Location 1: Adjacent to rear gardens on Bevans Row, approximately 190m from the proposed Depot location;
  - Monitoring Location 2: Adjacent to rear gardens on Wern Fawr Road, approximately 115m from the proposed Depot location;
  - Monitoring Location 3: Approximately 80m to the south of the Cardiff Depot and 3.5m from Dumballs Road, representative of traffic and crowd noise before and after closing time;
  - Monitoring Location 4: Approximately 60m to the east of the Cardiff Depot, representative of music and microphone noise from the Depot.

Figure 1

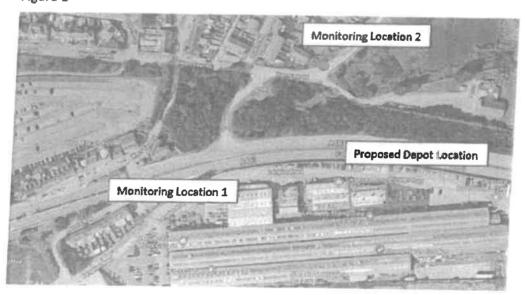
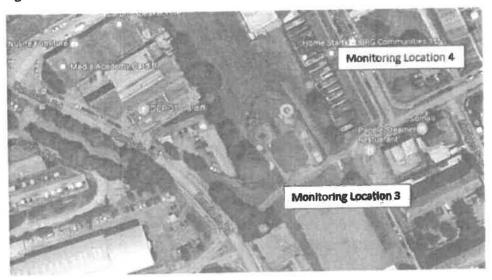




Figure 2



- 3.1.3 Attended noise monitoring was carried out at the locations 1 and 2 between 2000 and 0100 on the 10<sup>th</sup> August 2018 in order to establish the existing background noise levels at the sensitive receptors. This time period on a Friday evening was selected as it would likely be the busiest and therefore the loudest should the venue receive permission to hold events.
- 3.1.4 Attended monitoring was undertaken on a Friday evening at the existing Depot in Cardiff at monitoring locations 3 and 4 between 2000 and 0000 on 27<sup>th</sup> July 2018 in order to provide specific noise levels to represent noise from the proposed Depot in Swansea.
- 3.1.5 The noise measurements were made using a Class 1, integrating sound level meter.

  The sound level meter was mounted vertically on a tripod 1.5m above the ground and more than 3.5 metres from any other reflecting surfaces.
- 3.1.6 All noise monitoring took place during dry and calm weather conditions. The sound level meter was calibrated to a reference level of 94dB at 1kHz both before, and on completion of, the noise survey. No drift in calibration was noted during the survey.
- 3.1.7 For the purpose of this assessment daytime hours are taken to be 0700 to 2300 hours and night-time hours to be 2300 to 0700 hours.



- 3.1.8 A-weighted  $^{1}$  L<sub>eq</sub> $^{2}$  noise levels were measured to comply with the requirements of WHO. A-weighted L<sub>90</sub> $^{3}$  and L<sub>10</sub> $^{4}$  noise levels, together with the maximum and minimum sound pressure levels, were also measured to provide additional information. The measured noise levels are set out in full in Appendix A.
- 3.1.9 Attended noise monitoring allows observations and detailed notes to be made of the significant noise sources which contribute to each of the measured levels. The observations identified the following:

Road Traffic Noise: Noise from road traffic on the A438, and the surrounding road network was dominant at locations 1 and 2 and particularly dominant at monitoring location 1.

The Depot Cardiff: Music and microphone use was occasionally audible at low levels at monitoring locations 3 and 4 during the event at the Depot. Crowd noise was also audible at a low level at each monitoring location during the event at the Depot. Traffic noise level increased slightly towards and after the end of the event at the Depot.

An electronic filter in a sound level meter which mimics the human ear's response to sounds at different frequencies under defined conditions

Lequivalent continuous noise level; the steady sound pressure which contains an equivalent quantity of sound energy as the time-varying sound pressure levels.

The noise level which is exceeded for 90% of the measurement period.

The noise level which is exceeded for 10% of the measurement period.

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#### A NOISE IMPACT ASSESSMENT

# 4.1 Existing and Predicted Noise Levels

- 4.1.1 The measured noise levels for each monitoring location have been divided into daytime (0700-2300 hours) and night-time (2300-0700 hours) categories. The individual levels have been arithmetically averaged to give a single daytime and night-time level at each location during an event and not during an event for comparison.
- 4.1.2 The results for the each of the monitoring location in Swansea are presented in Table 1 below.

Time	Monitoring Location	Average Measured Noise (Figures in dB Lag)
0700-2300	and you is represented to the comment of the commen	59.4
2300-0700	1	57.8
0700-2300	And the second s	49.1
2300-0700	2	45.5

- 4.1.3 Further calculations have been undertaken in order to establish the likely noise levels at locations 1 and 2 due to each element of noise from the proposed Depot, music and microphone use, traffic, crowds, and subsequently an overall noise level.
- 4.1.4 Crowd noise was not the dominant noise source coming from the Depot in Swansea and was largely masked by traffic noise or music noise. Due to the low levels of crowd noise and the additional distance of the proposed Depot from the noise sensitive receptors and other noise barriers, it is likely that crowd noise would will be largely inaudible. Crowd noise will therefore not be considered further within this assessment.
- 4.1.5 The noise levels recorded at monitoring location 4 have been used to represent the noise levels due to music and microphone from the proposed Depot at monitoring locations 1 and 2. Due to later proposed hours of operation at the Depot in Swansea, the daytime noise levels recorded at monitoring location 4 have been used to represent the daytime and night-time noise levels at monitoring locations 1 and 2. The source noise levels monitored at location 4 have been corrected to represent the likely noise levels at monitoring location 1 and 2 as summarised in table 2.



Time	Monitoring Location	Measured Noise (Figures in dB Lace) at ML4	Distance from Venue	Distance Correction	Additional barrier attenuation due to 2m high wall	Resultan Noise level (Figures in dB Lieg)
0700-2300 2300-0700	1	49.3 49.3	190m	-10d8	-10dB	43.3 44.6
2300-0700	2	49.3 49.3	115m	-5.7dB	-10dB	33.6 33.6

4.1.6 The noise levels recorded at monitoring location 3 have been used to represent the noise levels due to traffic associated with the proposed Depot at monitoring locations 1 and 2. The source noise levels monitored at location 3 have been corrected to represent the likely noise levels at monitoring location 1 and 2 as summarised table 3 below.

Time	Monitoring Location	Average Measured Noise (Figures in dB Lam) at ML3	from nearest road likely to be affected by Depot Traffic	Distance Correction	Additional barrier attenuation due to 2m high wall	Resultan Noise level (Figures in dB LAN)
0700-2300 2300-0700	1	63.3 64.6	3.5m	-OdB	-10dB	43.3 44.6
0700-2300 2300-0700	2	63.3 64.6	60m	-12.3dB	-10dB	33.6 33.6



4.1.7 The results for the predicted noise levels are shown in table 4 below.

Time	Monitoring Location	Predicted Music Noise Level (Figures in dB Law)	Predicted Traffic Noise Level (Figures in dB Lace)	Noise Level (Pigures in dB Loop)
0700-2300	- James province (See America) (1) 200 (10)	29.3	53.3	53.3
2300-0700	1	29.3	54.6	54.6
0700-2300		33.6	41.0	41.7
2300-0700	2	33.6	42.3	42.8

4.1.8 The existing and the total predicted noise levels from the proposed Depot, at monitoring locations 1 and 2 are summarised in Table 5 below.

Time	Monitoring Location	Existing Noise Level (Figures in dB Laa)	Predicted Total Moise Level from the Proposed Depot (Figures in d8 Lang)
0700-2300	The second section of the section of the second section of the section of the second section of the sect	59.4	53.3
2300-0700	1	57.8	54.6
0700-2300		49.1	41.7
2300-0700	2	45.5	42.8

- 4.1.9 Based on the results obtained, a robust assessment can be made of the likely noise impact at the existing noise sensitive receptors and of the mitigation necessary to achieve the required noise levels.
- 4.1.10 The existing maximum noise levels, measured during the night-time at monitoring locations in Swansea are summarised in Table 6.

Table 6: Summary of the Existing N	laximum Night-time Noise Levels in Swansea (Figures in di
Lamax).	The second of th
Monitoring Location	Maximum Measured Noise Level
1	72.0
2	67.6

4.1.11 Calculations have been undertaken in order to establish the potential maximum noise levels at location 1 and 2 due to noise from the proposed Depot. The maximum noise



levels recorded at monitoring location 3 have been used to represent the potential maximum noise levels associated with the proposed Depot at monitoring locations 1 and 2. The maximum noise levels observed at monitoring location 3 are associated with traffic noise, therefore only traffic noise will be assessed.

4.1.12 The maximum noise levels monitored at location 3 have been corrected to represent the potential maximum noise levels at monitoring location 1 and 2 as summarised table 7 below.

2	78.3 78.3	3.5m	-0dB -24.6dB	-10dB	68.3 43.7
Monitoring Location	Average Measured Noise (Figures in dB Lang) at ML3	Distance from nearest road likely to be affected by Depot Traffic	Distance Correction	Additional barrier attenuation due to 2m high wall	Resultan Noise level (Figures in dB Lace)

4.1.13 The existing and the predicted maximum noise levels from the proposed Depot, at monitoring locations 1 and 2 are summarised in Table 6 below.

Table 6: Existing	and Predicted Daytime and Night-ti	me Noise Levels
Menitoring Location	Existing Maximum Noise Level (Figures in dB Lamex)	Predicted Maximum Noise Level (Figures in dB Lanex)
1	72.0	68.3
2	67.6	43.7

# 4.2 Assessment of Daytime Noise Levels at Noise Sensitive Receptors

- 4.2.1 The existing and predicted daytime noise levels, as detailed in Table 3, demonstrate that the predicted noise levels from the proposed Depot would be at least 6dB lower than then existing noise levels at the residential areas. Although some noise from the venue may occasionally be just audible at the residential areas, it is likely that this would be an infrequent occurrence. Assuming that similar noise reduction measures to the Cardiff Depot will be put in place at the Swansea Depot, the noise impact of the proposed Depot during the daytime is considered to be negligible.
- 4.2.2 It should also be remembered that any noise from the venue would only occur during events, which would only regularly be held on Friday evenings.

CA11464/001 May 2018

Page 12



- 4.2.3 With the additional benefit of attenuation which would be provided by the fabric of the residential properties themselves, it is likely that any noise from the venue would be inaudible inside the properties for the majority of the time.
- 4.2.4 Based on the above, no further mitigation is considered necessary in order to reduce noise impact from the venue during the daytime.
- 4.3 Assessment of Night-time Noise Levels at Noise Sensitive Receptors
- 4.3.1 The existing and predicted daytime noise levels, as detailed in Table 3 demonstrate that the predicted noise levels from the proposed Depot would be at least 3dB lower than then existing noise levels at the residential areas. Although some noise from the venue may occasionally be just audible at the residential areas, it is likely that this would be an infrequent occurrence. In addition to this, as the night-time noise will be largely due to noise, it is unlikely that it will be discernible against the existing traffic noise. The maximum predicted noise levels are lower than the existing maximum noise levels and have therefore not been considered any further. Assuming that similar noise reduction measures to the Cardiff Depot will be put in place at the Swansea Depot, the noise impact of the proposed Depot during the night-time is considered to be negligible.
- 4.3.2 It should also be remembered that any noise from the venue would only occur during events, which would only regularly be held on Friday evenings.
- 4.3.3 With the additional benefit of attenuation which would be provided by the fabric of the residential properties themselves, it is likely that any noise from the venue would be inaudible inside the properties for the majority of the time.
- 4.3.4 Based on the above, no further mitigation is considered necessary in order to reduce noise impact from the venue during the night-time.



### 5 CONCLUSIONS

- 5.1.1 Wardell Armstrong LLP was commissioned to undertake a noise assessment for a proposed venue to be used for music, entertainment and restaurant activities within the industrial estate on Langdon Road, Swansea.
- 5.1.2 An assessment was carried out to determine the impact of noise from the venue upon the nearest existing residential receptors in accordance with current guidance.
- 5.1.3 The assessment shows that, with noise reduction measures similar to those used at the existing Cardiff Depot in place, the noise impact at existing residential receptors would be negligible during the daytime and night-time. Therefore, no additional mitigation would be required in order to reduce noise emanating from the proposed venue.

APPENDICES

Appendix A

Noise monitoring results

Appendix A
Noise Monitoring Results

		AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF				
Monitoring Lo Depot locatio		acent to rear g	ardens on Bev	ans Row, appr	oximately 190	m from the proposed
Time, A	They be	Lodin	Lines	Last A	e laso	Comments
	4 (68)	W. Lee B. P. L. A.	* Ren V	The second second	(99)	
10/08/2018 -				15.5	C4.4	
2000-2030	60.8	40.1	75.4	46.6	64.1	Regular traffic noise
2120-2150	59.1	37.1	71.5	45.4	63.0	from A483
2234-2300	58.3	36.5	71.8	42.5	62.5	- Company of the Comp
10/08/2018 -						
2300-2315	58.1	38.3	69.2	43.8	62.3	Intermittent traffic
0000-0015	57.4	37.3	72.0	40.4	61.3	noise from A483
		jacent to rear g	ardens on We	rn Fawr Road,	approximatel	y 115m from the
proposed Dep	oot location					
Time	(d8)	(då)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	TY ME Y
10/08/2018 -	Daytime					-
2035-2106	49.5	38.2	61.9	43.9	51.9	Steady traffic noise
2154-2225	48.6	38.5	61.5	43.2	50.9	from A483
10/08/2018 -	Night-time		WA 4	Sugarana definit anni		
2326-2342	45.7	33.4	62.7	38.4	48.4	Intermittent traffic
0024-0039	45.2	34.0	67.6	36.6	47.4	noise from A483
Monitoring L	ocation 3 - Ap	proximately 80	m south of the	e Cardiff Depot	during an eve	ent – Representative o
		ore and after cl		the second secon	power togs responsely more admission to the contrastion	
Time .	" Hopin's	-1 Line	Lader /	Lieo	Lim	Comments )
	(68)	(dB) **	(38)	(dB)	(dB)	4.55 ( )
27/07/2018 -	(d8) N	(dB)	(48)	(dB) 34	(48)	4-25-00-3-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-
2200-2300	63.1	42.4	82.7	48.2	67.4	Traffic noise audible from Dumballs Road and surrounding road network. Music and mic occasionally slightly audible from the Depot during times when people are going in and out of the Depot entrance. Occasional noise from Small crowds gathering outside front of Depot in smoking area
2200-2300 27/07/2018 -	63.1 Night-time		82.7			from Dumballs Road and surrounding road network. Music and mic occasionally slightly audible from the Depot during times when people are going in and out of the Depot entrance. Occasional noise from Small crowds gathering outside front of Depot in smoking area
2200-2300 27/07/2018 - 2300-2315	63.1 - <b>Night-time</b> 63.9	46.0	82.7	50.1	67.9	from Dumballs Road and surrounding road network. Music and mic occasionally slightly audible from the Depot during times when people are going in and out of the Depot entrance. Occasional noise from Small crowds gathering outside front of Depot in smoking area
27/07/2018 - 2300-2315 2315-2330	- <b>Night-time</b> - 63.9 - 64.2	46.0 44.6	82.7 82.7 77.8	50.1 49.1	67.9 68.9	from Dumballs Road and surrounding road network. Music and mic occasionally slightly audible from the Depot during times when people are going in and out of the Depot entrance. Occasional noise from Small crowds gathering outside front of Depot in smoking area  Traffic noise audible from Dumballs Road
2200-2300 27/07/2018 - 2300-2315	63.1 - <b>Night-time</b> 63.9	46.0	82.7	50.1	67.9	from Dumballs Road and surrounding road network. Music and mic occasionally slightly audible from the Depot during times when people are going in and out of the Depot entrance. Occasional noise from Small crowds gathering outside front of Depot in smoking area

Time	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(d8)	LAID (dB)	Comments
27/07/2018	- Daytime					DOLL OF LINES
2000-2100	54.7	45.1	81.3	47.7	56.0	Traffic noise audible
100-2200	53.5	42.6	81.3	45.9	53.0	from Dumballs Road and surrounding roan network. Occasional vehicles on Loudoun Square. Constant noise from pedestrians and children playing in the park area, intermittent noise from people outside the Paddle Steamer Restaurant. Music and mic from the Depot briefly slightly audible on two occasions – 2111 & 2155.

# DEPOT

### **Dispersal Procedure**

This Dispersal Procedure is not to be confused with the emergency evacuation procedure, any design standard, any other operational policies or any agreed/enforced rules or guidelines.

The Dispersal Procedure is designed to make the maximum contribution by exercising pro-active measures, towards and at the end of trading, to move customers from the venue and its immediate area in a swift and orderly manner, so as to cause minimum disturbance or nuisance to neighbours in relation to potential nuisance, antisocial behaviour and crime.

During the last 30 minutes of bar service the points in each bar will be reduced and certain staff re-allocated to collecting glasses or offer customer service in the cloakroom to assist customer departure.

Volume levels will be reduced incrementally, and the type of music played will be varied and lighting levels will be incrementally increased to encourage the gradual dispersal of patrons during the last part of trading and during the drinking-up period.

DJ announcements will be used to ask customers to leave quietly and to respect neighbours.

Clear and prominent notices will be placed on the barriers outside the venue asking customers to leave quietly and to respect neighbours and their property.

A table and bottle bin will be positioned just inside the venue by the door to the foyer to collect glasses/bottles.

Door supervisors in high-visibility jackets or vests will:

- Encourage customers to drink-up and progress to the exit within a venue throughout the latter part of drinking-up time; [37]
- Draw the attention of exiting customers to the notices outside and ask them to be considerate;
- Ensure the removal of all bottles and glasses from any customer who attempts to leave the venue carrying one.
- Actively encourage customers move away from the area immediately outside the venue;
- Direct customers to the designated taxi rank or other organized transportation managed

to the rear of the venue.

Further to this, the external metal barriers will be linked into triangles outside the front doors (approximately 3) about 30 minutes prior to closing. This will have the effect of reducing the amount of space available to customers to stay outside the venue and will, in turn, promote the dispersal of customers away from the venue.

Road Safety: 📳

As the Venue main exit points open directly onto a car park, procedures will be implemented to ensure separation of customers and traffic. Utilizing stewards and barriers in front of the main exit to direct customers along walkways and prevent people spilling into the car park will meet this. A steward will also patrol the pedestrian exit gate from the car park to ensure customer safety.

### **Private Hire Cars Arrangement:**

There is sufficient provision of taxis and a dedicated taxi rank outside the venue to the right of the front doors, this will be managed by venue stewards.

#### Rubbish Patrol:

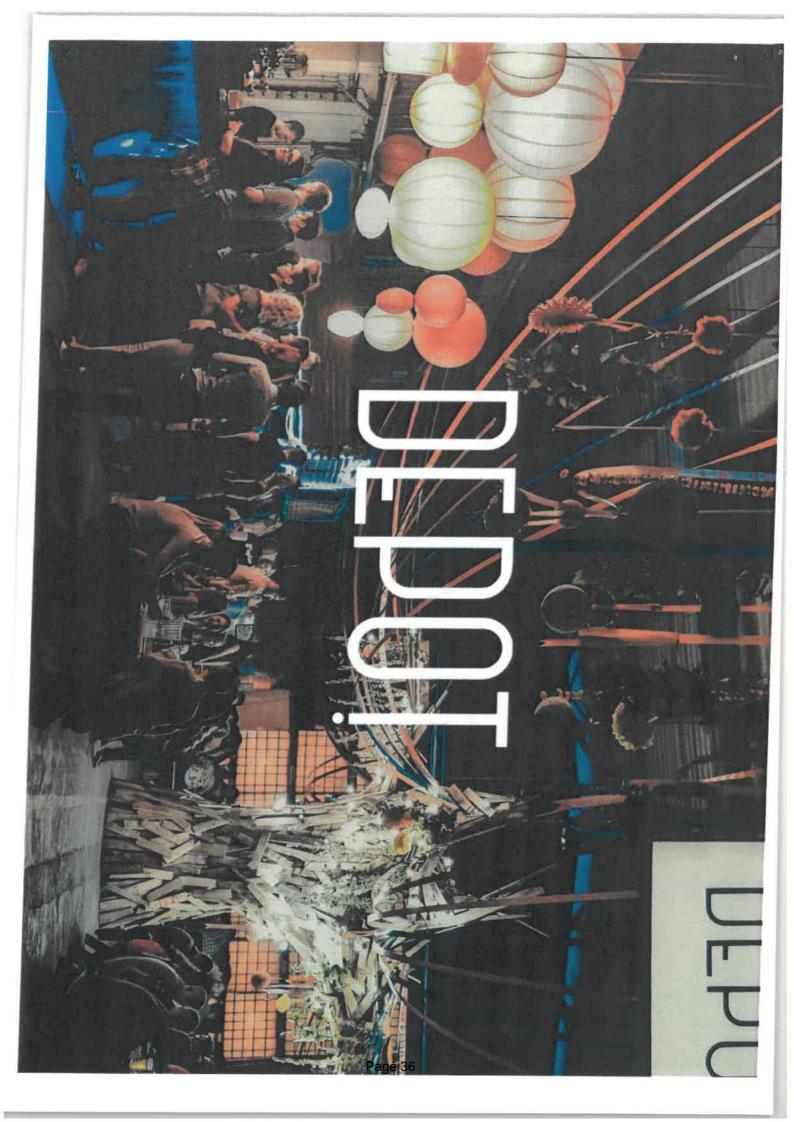
The venue operates a 'Rubbish Patrol' following closure. Staff removes bottles and food wrappings around the immediate vicinity of the venue.

On rare occasions this patrol may be faced with the result of antisocial behaviour such as vomiting and urination. This will be cleared by use with a mop and bucket containing a disinfectant solution.

#### Training:

Training at all levels is conducted to ensure understanding and implementation of the venues specific Dispersal Procedure.

DEPOT, Swansea.



2017, Depot launched its very as since established itself as Car FF'S MOST CREATIVE EVENTS

the city. Depot has now exported it revents around the UK and is a centre

# A CALENDER OF CREAT

turn their vision into a reality. Below are some examples of the even

PIZZA & PROSECCO
GIN STOCK
TACO & TEQUILA
SAUSAGE & CIDER
BINGO LINGO
BY ORDER OF
BLIND TIGER SPEAKEASY
LEGENDS NIGHT
BREWFEST
DEPOT FANHUB
HIP HOP KARAOKE
NYE PARTIES

WELSH MUSIC AWARDS
WELSH MUSIC AWARDS
DAY OF THE DEAD
THE GREAT WEDDING FAYRE
CAMRA BEER FESTIVAL
BUTETOWN CARNIVAL
KILO SALE
DRAGAOKE
ABFAB VEGAN SHOW
OKTOBERFEST
BRAIN TRUST QUIZZES

KEY PERFOR

25K LIKES

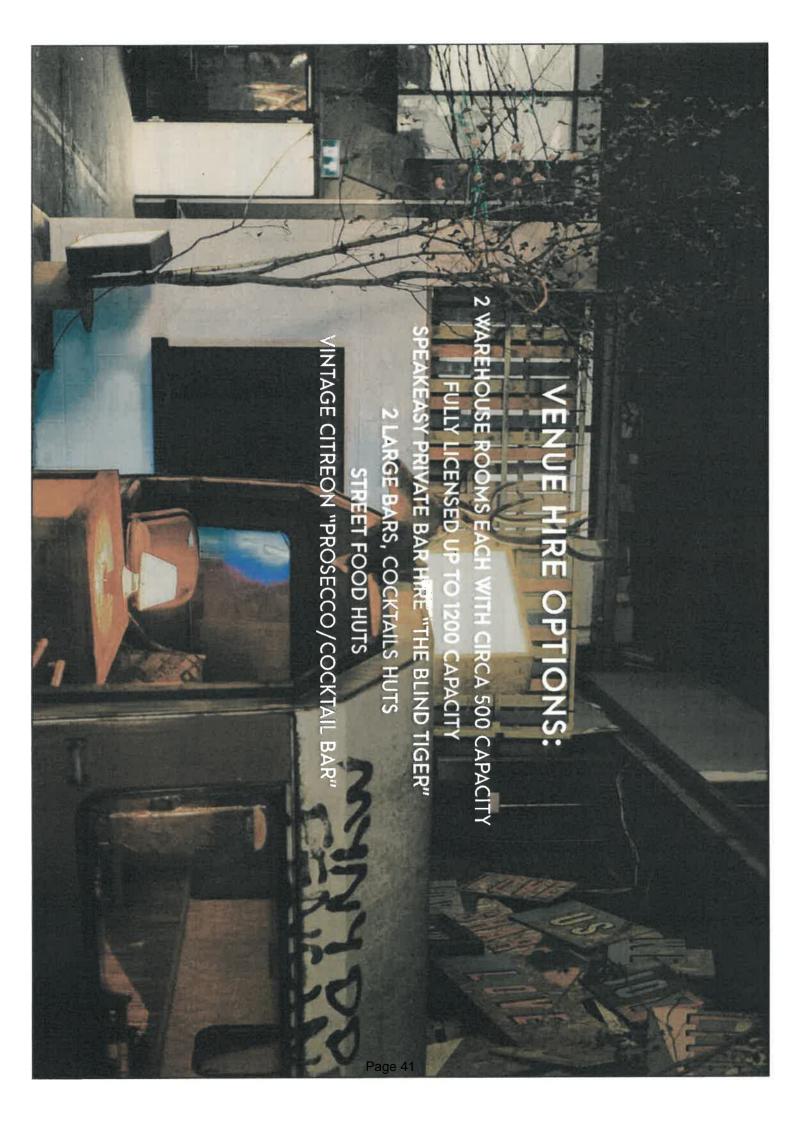
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VISITS SINCE OPENED

AVERAGE 1.5K+ VISITORS EACH WEEK

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## PRODUCTION SPECS

STAGE 1 - 10 X 8 X 4FT STEEL DECK STAGE 2 - 1 X 8 X 2FT STEEL DECK

STAGE LEGS 40MM

DJ RISER LEGS 4 X MM

STAGE CAN BE BUILT TO DIFFERENT CONFIGURATIONS

### SOUND

**EXCELLENT COVERAGE ALL ROUND. XLR BOXES AT EACH END** 10 X TURBOSOUND IX2 ACTIVE SPEAKERS

10 X TURBO SUBS

2 X 10 CHANNEL AUDIO MIXER

2 X WIRELESS MIC, 2 X PIONEER CDJ 1000, 1 X PIONEER DJM 800, 1 X PIONEER XDJ-RX

VIDEO

3 X BENO DIGITAL PROJECTORS X 54 INCH FLAT SCREEN TV

LIGHTING

10 X LED MOVERS

POWER **MP SOCKETS** 

## WE'VE BEE UCKY TO WORK WITH







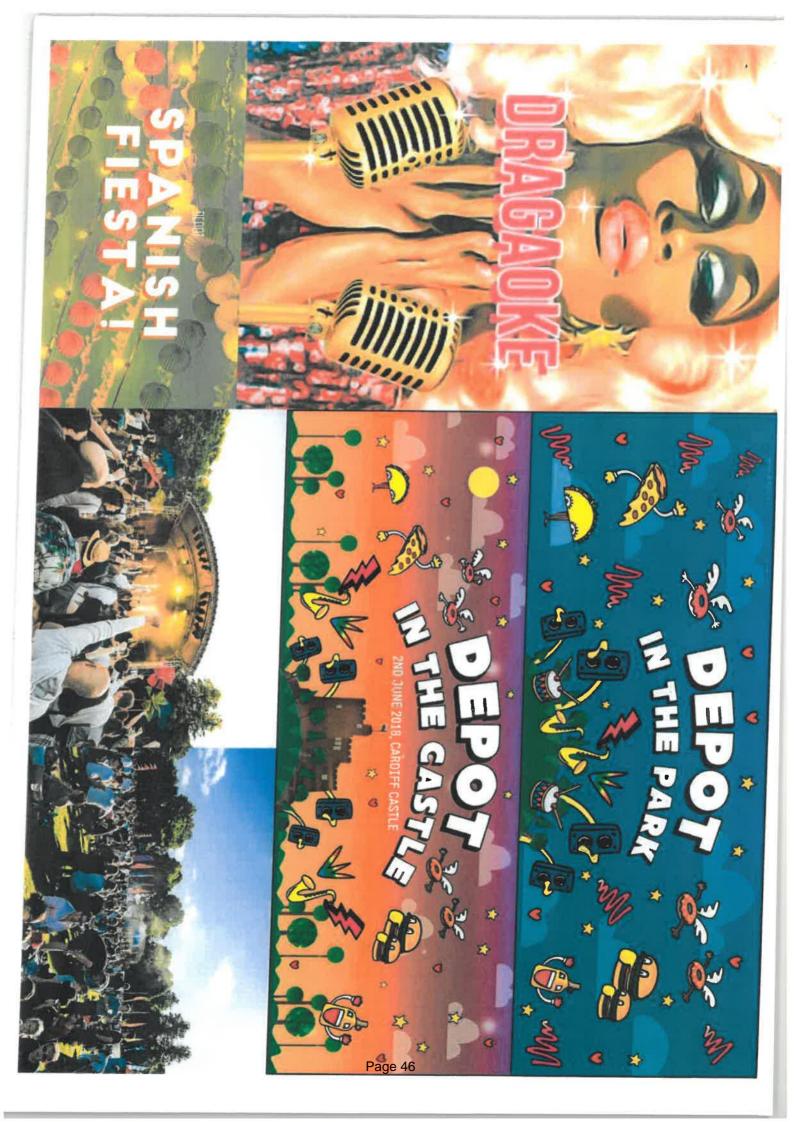






CARDIFF





(i) f (i) @DEPOTCARDIFF

EMAIL: INFO@DEPOTCARDIFF.COM

DEPOT, CONSTRUCTION HOUSE, DUMBALLS ROAD
CARDIFF, CF10 5FE

# A Wedding Venue For You

It's time to re-align your perception of DEPOT. You may have visited us for a lively BINGO LINGO Friday night, or perhaps a SIX NATIONS SUPER SATURDAY, but we're also here to offer you so much more as a multi-space venue...

8

## A Venue With An Edge

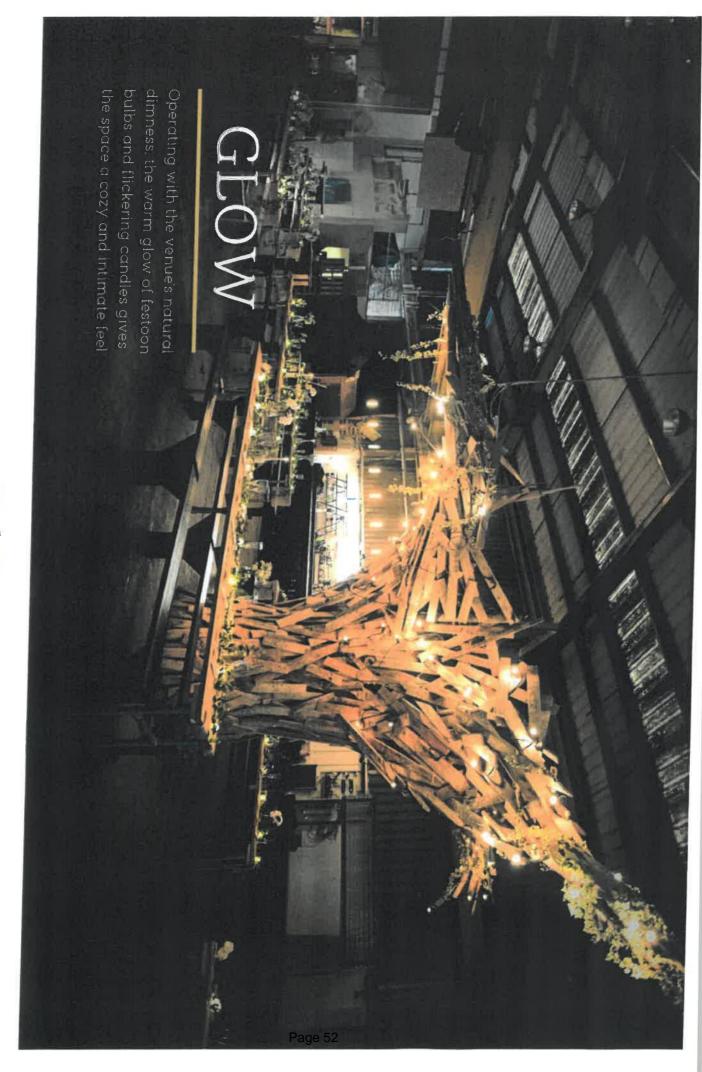
DEPOT is the perfect venue for those looking for a wedding day which is memorable & alternative. Situated just south of Cardiff Central Train Station, the location is easy for those travelling into the city. Your guests can simply hop into a cab from the station taxi rank or make the easy half-mile walk along Dumballs Road, Comfortably seating up to 150 guests, it's a unique venue to create a fabulous day for the Bride & Groom and their invited guests, Plus, there's plenty of room to bust out the moves on the dance floor, all in one exciting space.



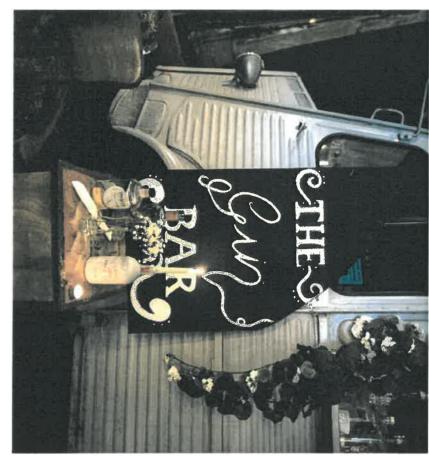


# RUSTIC-WILD-FESTIVAL

candles with table strung foliage & fresh flowers, giving the venue a rustic, wild festival feel. presentation. Our tastefully chosen setup for weddings blends warm lighting and elegant Our visualisation team bring their vast experience to create a simple and stunning table





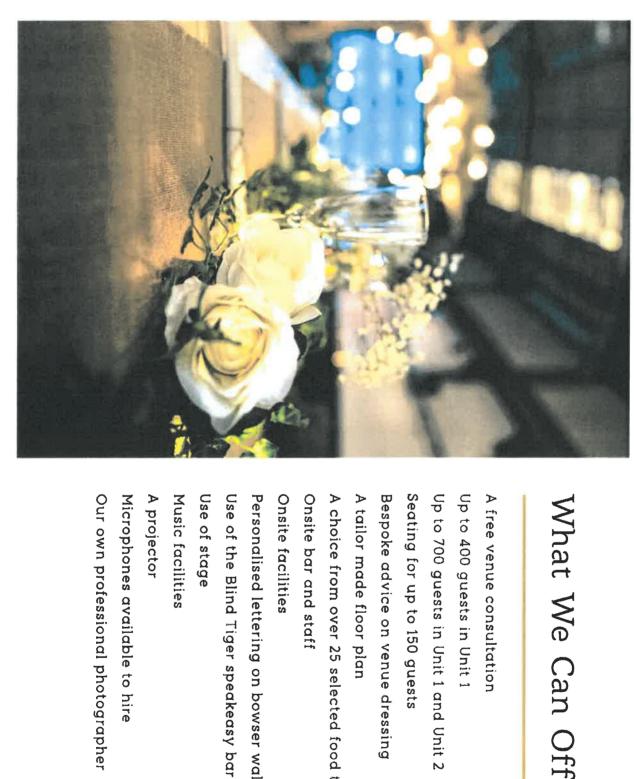




can transform into a Gin or Prosecco bar. Cheers to that! quirky units at our disposal. Take this classic HY Citreon van that we Our experience working with street food events means that we have



a blank canvas and help you realise your wedding day as you envisage it to be. adapted to suit almost anyone's needs. If you have your own ideas that you would this may not be to everyone's taste. We're fortunate to have a space which can be Whilst we have chosen what we think works well in our venue, we understand that like to see put in place, we're more than happy to work with you and treat DEPOT as



## What We Can Offer

A free venue consultation

Up to 400 guests in Unit 1

Up to 700 guests in Unit 1 and Unit 2

Seating for up to 150 guests

Bespoke advice on venue dressing

A tailor made floor plan

A choice from over 25 selected food traders

Onsite bar and staff

Onsite facilities

Personalised lettering on bowser wall

Use of stage

Music facilities

A projector

Microphones available to hire

Our own professional photographer

# Sample Menu - That Fish Guy

### Canapés

Ham hock en croute, chutney, pea shoots Hot smoked salmon, cucumber, lemon mayo Red onion and goats cheese tart Crab crostini

#### Starters

Crab and onion bhaji, lemongrass and mango chutney
Prawn and mandarin cocktail
Pate, toasted ciabatta, red onion marmalade and rocket.

#### Mains

Seabass fillet, dauphinoise potatoes, pak choi and baby carrots
Lobster roll, thermador mayo, slaw and fries
Prawn, sweet potato and spinach curry, rice and paratha, riatha
Traditional fish and chips, mushy peas, tartar sauce

### Desserts

Rich chocolate brownie, Chantilly cream, raspberries.
Sticky toffee pudding, butterscotch sauce.
Lemon posset, raspberries
Eton mess.

Ħ

# SAMPLE PROSECCO LIST

### Canapés

Ham hock en croute, chutney, pea shoots
Hot smoked salmon, cucumber, lemon mayo
Red onion and goats cheese tart
Crab crostini

#### Starters

Crab and onion bhaji, lemongrass and mango chutney
Prawn and mandarin cocktail
Pate, toasted ciabatta, red onion marmalade and rocket.

#### Mains

Seabass fillet, dauphinoise potatoes, pak choi and baby carrots
Lobster roll, thermador mayo, slaw and fries
Prawn, sweet potato and spinach curry, rice and paratha, riatha
Traditional fish and chips, mushy peas, tartar sauce

### Desserts

Rich chocolate brownie. Chantilly cream, raspberries.
Sticky toffee pudding, butterscotch sauce.

Lemon posset, raspberries

Eton mess.

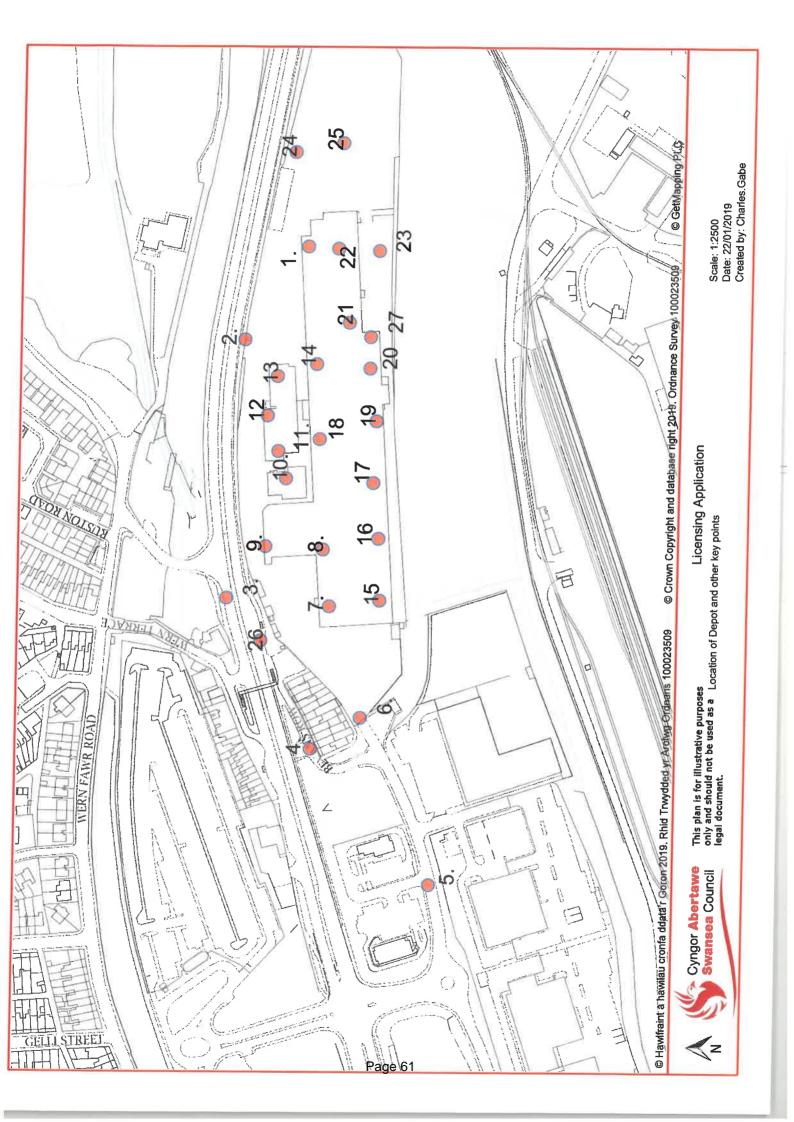
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### Contact Us

Construction House,
Dumballs Road,
Cardiff,
CF10 5FE

Phone 029 2034 1199 Email: info@depotcardiff.com

F/I/T @depotcardiff https://depotcardiff.com



#### Key to map

- 1. Depot
- 2. Pedestrian access
- 3. Fabian Way
- 4. Bevans Row
- 5. Langdon Road
- 6. Vehicle/pedestrian access
- 7. AMG Garage
- 8. Prospray
- 9. SA1 pallets
- 10. Disused unit
- 11. Swansea tyre and clutch
- 12. 4tec lubricants
- 13. Euro pallets
- 14. Limitless trampoline park
- 15. Smart motorcycle training
- 16.16. Mad science
- 17. Freyte
- 18. Surely MOT's
- 19. Harvester grocery
- 20. SA1 gym
- 21. Deputy Dog day care
- 22. Swansea Coachworks
- 23. HGV training centre
- 24. Storage compound
- 25. Land used by Smart m/cycle training
- 26. Bus stop
- 27. Easy tech MOT's

#### Appendix C

- 1. CCTV will be provided in the form of a recordable system, capable of providing pictures of evidential quality in all lighting conditions particularly facial recognition. Cameras shall encompass all ingress and egress to the premises, fire exits, all areas where the public have access and any external areas. Equipment must be maintained in good working order, the system must continually record whilst the premises is open for licensable activities and during all times when customers remain at the premises. Recordings must be correctly timed and date stamped and kept in date order, numbered sequentially and kept for a period of 31 days and handed to a Police Officer/Local Authority Officer on demand. The Premises Licence Holder must ensure that at all times a Designated Premises Supervisor (DPS) or appointed member of staff is capable and competent at downloading CCTV footage in a recordable format to a Police Officer/Local Authority Officer on demand. The Recording equipment shall be kept in a secure environment under the control of the DPS or other responsible named individual. An operational daily log must be maintained, endorsed by signature, indicating the system has been checked and is compliant. In the event of any CCTV system failings the actions taken are to be recorded, and the Premises Licence holder/DPS must report the failure to the Police/Local Authority.
- 2. There shall be a personal licence holder on duty on the premises at all times when the premises are authorised to sell alcohol.
- 3. Door staff to be employed when regulated entertainment is provided at a ratio of 1 supervisor per 100 customers
- 4. A minimum of 2 SIA licensed door supervisors shall be on duty at the premises whilst it is open for business on a Friday, Saturday and Sunday with additional door supervisors being present when considered necessary following an appropriate risk assessment.
- 5. At least one SIA licensed door supervisor shall be on duty at the entrance to the premises whilst it is open for business on a Friday, Saturday and Sunday.
- 6. A register of door supervisors (Safer Swansea Partnership Register or like detailed bound numerical register) to be maintained at all times at the premises. Such register to include the name, registration number, contact details of the member of door staff along with the date, time on duty and time off duty. Full details of the agency supplying the staff to be endorsed and the register to be available for inspection on request by an Authorised officer.
- 7. Signs to be prominently displayed at the entrance to the premises, within the toilet facilities and at key strategic points within public access areas. Signs to state that drug use is unacceptable; including the use of New Psychoactive Substances (Legal Highs) and that the venue operates a drug search policy as a condition of entry reserving the right to search customers under this provision.

- 8. Premises to actively participate in regular initiatives to target drug misuse at the venue to include full co-operation with South Wales Police led drug itemiser and drug search operations.
- 9. A drug safe to be present in the premises.
- 10. An incident book to be maintained at the premises showing details of the date and time of all assaults, injuries, accidents, interventions by staff or ejections, as well as details of the members of staff involved, the nature of the incident and the action/outcome. The book must be kept available for inspection by the Police and authorised officers of the Local Authority.
- 11. Premises shall have an adequate system of counting persons in and out to ensure that customer levels in all areas do not exceed the agreed limit agreed in the venue risk assessment.
- 12 The premises licence holder shall, prior to the commencement of the licensable activities authorised by this licence use their best endeavours to establish a relationship with a local taxi company in order to agree collection and departure points as well as appropriate methods of working. (ie no beeping of horns)
- 13 There shall be "CCTV in operation" signs prominently displayed in the premises
- 14 At least one suitably trained first-aider shall be on duty when the public are present and if more than one suitably trained first-aider that their duties are clearly defined.
- 15 Substantial food and non-intoxicating beverages shall be available in all parts of the premises where alcohol is sold or supplied for consumption on the premises
- 16 Loudspeakers shall not be located in the entrance lobby or outside the premises building
- 17 Notices shall be prominently displayed at all exits requesting patrons to respect the needs of local residents and leave the area quietly
- 18 The licence holder shall ensure that any queue to enter the premises which forms outside the premises is orderly and supervised by door staff so as to ensure that there is no public nuisance or obstruction to the public highway
- 19 A direct telephone number for the manager of the premises shall be publicly available at all times the premises is open. This telephone number shall be made available to residents in the vicinity.
- 20 All sales of alcohol for consumption off the premises shall be in sealed containers only, and shall not be consumed on the premises.
- 21 External area to be regularly supervised by staff from premises when in use.
- 22 There shall be no self service of unmixed spirits on the premises.

- 23 Prominent signage indicating the permitted hours for the sale of alcohol shall be displayed so as to be visible before entering the premises, where alcohol is on public display and at the point of sale.
- 24 No rubbish, including bottles, shall be moved, removed or placed in outside areas between 2300 hours and 0800 hours.
- 25 A Challenge 25 proof of age scheme shall be operated at the premises where the only acceptable forms of identification shall bear their photograph, date of birth and a holographic mark.
- 26 A log shall be kept detailing all refused sales of alcohol in written or electronic format. The log will include the date and time and reason for the refused sale and a means of identifying the member of staff who refused the sale. The log shall be available for inspection at the premises by the police or an authorised officer of the Council at all times whilst the premises are open.
- 27 Notices shall be clearly displayed in the premises to emphasise to customers the prohibition on providing sales of alcohol to persons under the age of eighteen years.
- 28 Premises to keep up to date records of staff training and refresher training in respect of age related sales including proxy sales, sales to persons who are drunk and identifying and preventing drug misuse, in written or electronic format, available for inspection on request by an authorised officer.

Appendix D

Police representations

#### CADW DE CYMRU'N DDIOGEL • KEEPING SOUTH WALES SAFE



PC Jon Hancock Police Licensing Officer Swansea Central Police Station **Grove Place** Swansea SA15EA

Jonathan.Hancock@south-wales.pnn.police.uk

Mrs Lynda Anthony The Divisional Licensing Officer. City and County of Swansea, Civic Centre. Swansea.

12th January 2019

#### Police Observations to an application for a premises licence under the Licensing Act 2003.

I am in receipt of an application for a new premises licence relating to the below mentioned premises

Premises:

**Depot Swansea** 

Langdon Road Port Tennant Swansea SA1 8FB

The application has been made by Eventile Limited, Construction House, Dumballs Road, Cardiff, CF10 5FE.

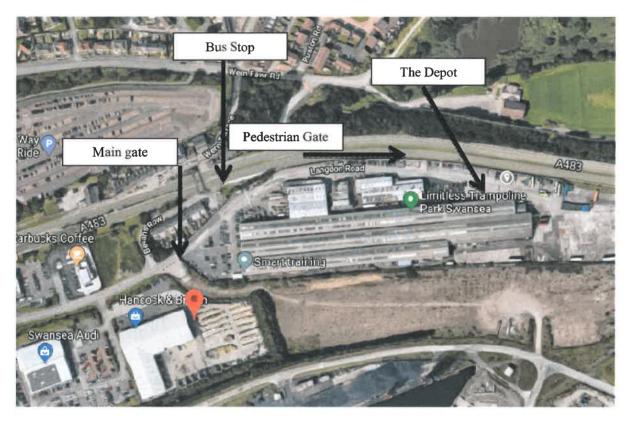
The Chief Constable having considered the application on behalf of South Wales Police, wishes to make significant representations as to why the application should not be granted in its proposed form. Detailed representations, supported by site evidence, and a statement from Swansea Operations Chief Inspector Brier are made on the grounds that the granting of the licence in its current form will undermine the promotion of the key licensing objectives namely Public Safety, and

the Prevention of Public Nuisance.

Mae Heddlu De Cymru yn croesawu derbyn gonebiaeth yn Gymraeg a Saesneg. Byddwn yn ateb gohebiaeth a dderbynnir yn Gymraeg yn Gymraeg ac ni fydd gohebu yn Gymraeg yn arwain at oedi.

South Wales Police welcomes receiving correspondence in Welsh and English. Any correspondence received in Welsh will be answered in Welsh and corresponding in Welsh will not lead to a delay in responding.

This property is situated within a commercial unit, contained within a busy operational commercial compound on Fabian Way, Swansea. It is anticipated that the existing building will be divided in 2/3 rooms providing different types of entertainment on a weekly basis ranging from street food to live music and weddings.. The premises can be accessed through a main gate on Langdon Road and via a pedestrian gate from Fabian Way. A layout of the site is illustrated below



The detail of the application is that the applicant wishes to change the use of the building from a commercial unit to an entertainment venue. The applicant describes the Depot as providing an unique entertainment and conference/events venue which markets itself as a destination venue providing food, entertainment and drinks. The applicant opertes a similar venue in cardiff which has been successfully operating for the past 4 years

The applicant has provided the following operating hours

	Late Night Refreshment	Live/Recorded Music & Dance/	Supply of Alcohol	Opening Hours
		Boxing/Wrestling/		
		Indoor sporting events		
Monday	2300-0030	1000-0000	1000-0000	1000-0030
Tuesday	2300-0030	1000-0000	1000-0000	1000-0030
Wednesday	2300-0030	1000-0000	1000-0000	1000-0030
Thursday	2300-0030	1000-0000	1000-0000	1000-0030
Friday	2300-0030	1000-0000	1000-0000	1000-0030
Saturday	2300-0030	1000-0000	1000-0000	1000-0030
Sunday	2300-0030	1000-0000	1000-0000	1000-0030

The applicant has provided an extensive operating schedule in order to meet the four licensing objectives. The operating schedule is detailed and if the venue were to operate under these conditions daily, then South Wales Police do not foresee any significant issues in terms of crime and disorder within the venue. The venue in Cardiff is operating successfully and they have had very few incidents over the past 4 years — violence x 5, theft x 6, burglary x 1, other crime/incidents x 2 . They did receive a formal warning from Cardiff licensing in 2016 for breaching a major event day glassware condition.

Whilst South Wales Police accept the application appears detailed and comprehensive, we have serious reservations and concerns in relation to the suitability of the proposed site for two reasons.

Firstly, the premises is located within a busy commercial compound next to Limitless Trampoline Park. The site contains the following commercial businesses,

- Ackland Motor Garage
- SA1 pallets
- Disused poor state of repair
- Swansea Clutch Repair
- Limitless Trampoline Park
- Swansea Coach Works
- Storage Units
- SMART training

Due to the nature of these businesses, there are large amounts of machinery, vehicles, and debris/rubbish strewn throughout the site which the proposed premises cannot influence and has no control over. The units are in various states of disrepair, ranging from secure and in relatively good order, to derelict and potentially dangerous to passing members of the public. There are no pedestrian walkways, and the only access to the venue is gained via the main vehicular gate and then along the uneven roadway,or via a side pedestrian gate accessed from Fabian Way.

The ground within the site is uneven, and in a poor state of repair following the demolition of previous units. South Wales Police have serious concerns that the combination of intoxicated persons (capacity of 800) and commercial businesses and their vehicles, has the potential for serious injury and incidents, especially when large HGV training vehicles are constantly moving throughout the site, adjacent to the proposed venue.

The plan submitted with the applicantion does not reflect the site as it currently stands, with the majority of the designated road layout and car paking spaces not exisiting, and despite this being raised on numerous occassions with the applicant in previous site meetings, no commitments have been made to alter and improve the site to the standard as laid out in the plans.

Numeorus site visits have been carired out, Appendices A,B,C and D provide a visual overview and evidence of the site on the 10<sup>th</sup> and 12<sup>th</sup> December 2018 . These visits have confirmed that the above listed commerical businesses are fully operational at various times of the day and night, including weekends. During the site visits, vehicles that seem to be under repair have been observed to carry out

manourveres and brake tests at speed, along with large training HGV's carrying out manaourvres in the immediate vicinity of the proposed premises, and due to the nature of the businesses these drivers are inexperienced in managing such large vehicles.

There was clear evidence of fly tipping which has remained on the site for a considerable amount of time and despite a security guard living on site, there appears to be very little control of the site and no set timings to secure the site including the pedestrian and vehicular gates.

Secondly, South Wales Police have serious concerns due to the poor layout of the site, the only recognised pedestrian access is via the pedestrian gate from Fabian Way. Customers many of who may be intoxicated may leave through the pedestrian gate at night, in a poorly lit area, which leads directly on to a narrow pavement area (which is also used by cylists as part of a cycle route), a small grass verge, and is only two metres away from the main arterial route of Fabian Way. In recent years, there have been a number of collisions between pedestrians and vehicles on Fabian Way,details below highlighting the danger of pedestrians negociating a 40mph major arterial traffic route in to the City.

Niche Occurrence No: 1800343527

**Reported** time: 09/09/2018 00:22

Severity: Slight

C1 WAS WALKING ACROSS PEDESTRIAN CROSSING. D1 HAS APPLIED BRAKES BUT WAS UNABLE TO PREVENT A COLLISION OCCURRING.

Niche Occurrence No: 1800336798

**Reported** time: 04/09/2018 07:18

Severity: Serious

TRAFFIC LIGHTS AT CROSSING HAVE CHANGED WHILE PEDESTRIAN STILL ON CROSSING ANS ENTERED LANE 3 AND BEEN STRUCK BY V1 CAUSING SERIOUS INJURY

Niche Occurrence No: 1800227752

**Reported** time: 22/06/2018 16:49

Severity: Slight

PEDESTRIAN HAS STEPPED INTO ROAD IN FRONT OF V1 WHILST TRYING TO CROSS THE ROAD AND HAS BEEN STRUCK BY V1 CAUSING INJURY.

Niche Occurrence No: 1800185589

Reported

time:

24/05/2018

15:58

Severity: Slight

V1 PASSING UNDER FOOTBRIDGE WHEN A MALE PEDESTRIAN HAS CROSSED ROAD FROM N/S AND HAS COLLIDED WITH FRONT OF V1 AND HAS HIT WINDSCREEN AND GONE ONTO ROOF BEFORE COMING TO A REST ON FLOOR.

Niche Occurrence No: 1700406623

Reported

time:

19/10/2017

05:17

Severity: Serious

A483 - FABIAN WAY, SWANSEA (WESTBOUND - OPPOSITE IBIS HOTEL) **How Collision Occurred:** V1 COLLIDED WITH PEDESTRIAN ON CARRIAGEWAY

Niche Occurrence No: 1600430686

Reported

time:

06/11/2016

18:18

Severity: Serious

V1 HAS FAILED TO OBSERVE RED LIGHT AT PEDESTRIAN CROSSING. C1 HAS QUICKLY BEGAN TO WALK ACROSS ROAD AT THE SAME TIME.

Niche Occurrence No: 62120379904

Reported

time:

24/11/2012

10:56

Severity: Slight

V1 STOPPED FOR PEDESTRIAN TO CROSS, V2 PASSED THROUGH TRAFFIC LIGHT AND V1 COLLIDED INTO THE NEARSIDE OF V2

Due to the lack of pedestrian pavements within the site, it is anticipated that the majority of customers leaving the venue will exit through the pedestrian gate on to Fabian Way in order to walk back to the nearby Swansea Bay University Campus or towards the City Centre. The nearest bus stops are located on Fabian Way, as indicated in the site layout previously, and is in close proximity to Bevans Row, a small residential street of 11 houses. South Wales Police believe that there will be an increase of incidents of anti social behaviour and noise nuisance as a direct result of customers of the Depot leaving the site either walking or to utilise the 24 hour public bus service. Whilst the applicant has submitted a dispersal policy attached to the application, the policy is not only weak and inadequate, but it does not form part of the application itself, and therefore would not be enforceable. The policy fails to clearly identify how staff/stewards are going to ensure the safe running of the premises whilst also being tasked to ensure the safe dispersal of its customers at various times that the premises is open and trading. The policy fails to address how it will ensure that all customers leave the site safely as required under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003, and do not get disorientated, lost and potentially locked within a dark complex commercial site with numerous health and safety hazards.

In order to put in place sufficient measures to minimise the risk to pedestrians (e.g the installation of barriers, improve steet lighting etc) there would have to be significant investment by the applicant, the land owner, and other parties (e.g Swansea Council highways), all of which have not been identified or confirmed at this time.

It is accepted that the Cardiff premises despite it's initial issues is well run, however its location is different to this proposed premises as it is not located within a busy hazardess commerical site next to a major arterial traffic route in to the City Centre. Whilst the venue may be seen to be an asset to Swansea, providing a diverse and new entertainment venue, the application in its current form due to the unsuitability of the location fails to adhere to the public safety and prevention of public nuisance licensing objectives. The application outlines the intention for the premises to potentially operate until midnight every night (1am on at least 24 days due to the bank holiday additional hours request) with up to 800 people leaving the venue at this time. Due to the reasons already outlined, South Wales Police submit that there is a signficant risk to public safety and public nuisance.

South Wales Police, being a Responsible Authority, hereby submits representations that to grant this application would have a negative impact on public safety, and public nuisance in the area, and therefore urge the Licensing Committee to support South Wales Police in our representations and refuse the application.

This report is respectfully submitted for your information and consideration,

Yours sincerely,

Jon Hancock
Police Licensing Officer
(On behalf of the Chief Officer of Police)

# Police Representations – The Depot, Swansea Appendix A – site visit 10/12/18 1220hrs









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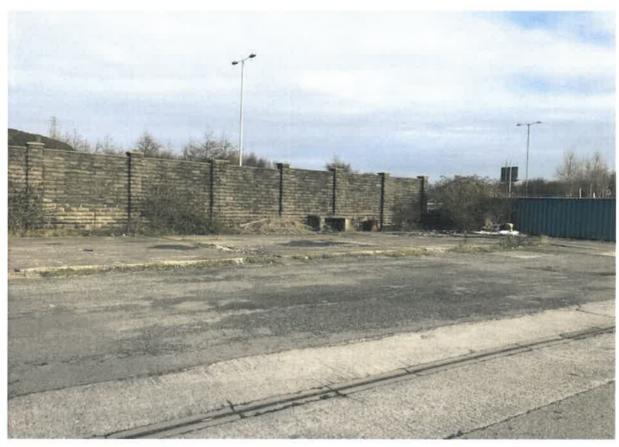


















# Police Representations – The Depot, Swansea Appendix B – site visit 12/12/18 2150hrs - inwards





























# <u>Police Representations – The Depot, Swansea</u> <u>Appendix C – site visit 12/12/18 2155hrs - outwards</u>

















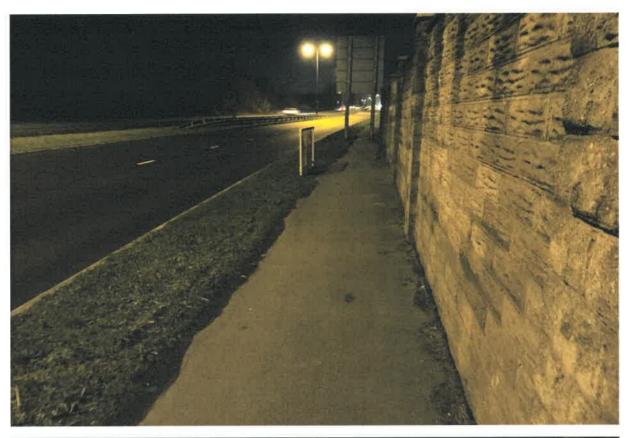




# <u>Police Representations – The Depot, Swansea</u> <u>Appendix D – site visit 12/12/18 2145hrs – outside</u>









Appendix D

Planning representations

# Gabe, Charles

From:

Pelleymounter, Catherine < Catherine.Pelleymounter@swansea.gov.uk >

Sent:

10 January 2019 15:21

To:

Gabe, Charles

Subject:

The Depot

Charles,

A new premises licence application has been made by:

**Eventile Limited, The Depot, Dumballs Road, Cardiff, CF10 5FE** 

For the premises

Depot, Langdon Road, Port Tennant, Swansea, SA1 8PB

The licensable activities are

Plays Monday to Sunday 10:00 – 00:00hrs
Films Monday to Sunday 10:00 – 00:00hrs
Indoor Sporting Events Monday to Sunday 10:00 – 00:00hrs
Boxing, Wrestling Monday to Sunday 10:00 – 00:00hrs
Live Music Monday to Sunday 10:00 – 00:00hrs
Recorded Music Monday to Sunday 10:00 – 00:00hrs
Performance of Dance Monday to Sunday 10:00 – 00:00hrs
Anything similar to e, f or g above Monday to Sunday 10:00 – 00:00hrs
Late night refreshment Monday to Sunday 23:00 – 00:30hrs
Supply of Alcohol Monday to Sunday 10:00 – 00:00hrs

As a responsible authority I wish to make representations under The Licensing Act 2003 in relation to the issuing of this licence which I believe would undermine the following Licensing objectives namely Crime and Disorder, Public Nuisance and Public Safety. These representations are based upon the same concerns which led to the refusal of planning application 2018/2249/FUL for the change of use from storage and distribution (B8) to mixed use (Class A1, A3, B1 and D2) for the same venue.

The relevant reasons for refusal on the planning application and with regards to the licensing application are as follows:

The proposed change of use from B8 to a mixed use of A1, A3, B1 and D2 by virtue of the nature of the mix of uses at this location, the hours of operation including late night visitors to and from the premises will harm the amenities and well-being of neighbouring residential occupiers by virtue of late night noise and traffic disturbance. Accordingly the development is contrary to the requirements of policies EV1 (iii) and EV40 of the City and County of Swansea Unitary Development Plan (Adopted 2008) and the Emerging Local Development Plan Policies PS 2 - Placemaking and RP 1 - Safeguarding Public Health and Natural Resources.

The proposed change of use from B8 to a mix of A1, A3, B1 and D2 would have the propensity to generate additional vehicular flows to and from the site and it has not been adequately established that the development can be accommodated within the existing infrastructure. The submitted Transport Assessment is considered to be flawed in its projections and reasoning in

view of the methodology for forecasting development impact, under representation of the events at capacity assessment, insufficient information on parking demands of other business uses in conjunction with the proposed uses and no mitigation proposed to limit the impacts of the development. Accordingly the development is contrary to the requirements of Policies EV3, EC4, HC18, AS1, AS2, AS5 and AS6 of the City and County of Swansea Unitary Development Plan (Adopted 2008) and policies T 1, T 2, T 5 and T 6 of the Emerging Local Development Plan.

The development includes proposals to hold events with up to 1,000 people in attendance and high numbers of pedestrians would therefore be within the business park which has no footways and is unlit and the wider area. The increase in vulnerable road users within the business park and along Fabian Way would present significant highway safety concerns which would not accord with the provisions of Policies EV3, EC4, HC18, AS1, AS2, AS5 and AS6 of the City and County of Swansea Unitary Development Plan (Adopted 2008) and policies T1, T2 and T5 of the Emerging Local Development Plan.

Kind regards,



Catherine Pelleymounter Uwch Swyddog Cynllunio Senior Planning Officer

**2** 01792 635721

⊠ catherine.pelleymounter@swansea.gov.uk

# **Delegated Officer Panel Report**

Application No:	2018/2249/FUL	Statutory Period	20.12.2018
		Expires:	

Location:	The Depot (unit Between Limitless Trampoline Park And Swansea Coach Builders), Langdon Road, SA1 Business Park, Swansea, SA1 8DB  Change of use from storage and distribution (B8) to mixed use (class		
Proposal	Change of use from sto	rage and dietributio	n (DQ) to mived use (alone
Proposal:	A1, A3, B1 and D2)	orage and distribution	on (B8) to mixed use (class

# **Background Information**

#### **Policies**

# UDP - EV1 - Design

New development shall accord with a defined set of criteria of good design. (City & County of Swansea Unitary Development Plan 2008).

#### UDP - EV40 - Air, Noise and Light Pollution

Development proposals will not be permitted that would cause or result in significant harm to health, local amenity, natural heritage, the historic environment or landscape character because of significant levels of air, noise or light pollution. (City & County of Swansea Unitary Development Plan 2008)

#### UDP - HC18 - Leisure Facilities and Areas

New leisure facilities will be permitted at suitable locations within the urban area subject to compliance with a defined list of criteria including proven need, no harm being caused to vitality and viability of city centre and district shopping centres, passing the sequential test, acceptable access and car parking, and capacity of the local highway network. (City & County of Swansea Unitary Development Plan 2008)

#### UDP - EC3 - Established Industrial and Commercial Areas

Improvement and enhancement of the established industrial and commercial areas will be encouraged where appropriate through building enhancement, environmental improvement, infrastructure works, development opportunities and targeted business support. (City & County of Swansea Unitary Development Plan 2008)

# UDP - EC4 - New Retail Development

All new retail development will be assessed against need and other specific criteria. (City & County of Swansea Unitary Development Plan 2008)

#### UDP - EC9 - Out of Centre Retailing

Retail development at out of centre locations will be restricted. (City & County of Swansea Unitary Development Plan 2008)

# UDP - AS1 - New Development Proposals

Accessibility - Criteria for assessing location of new development. (City & County of Swansea Unitary Development Plan 2008).

### UDP - AS2 - Design and Layout

Accessibility - Criteria for assessing design and layout of new development. (City & County of Swansea Unitary Development Plan 2008)

### UDP - AS5 - Walking and Cycling

Accessibility - Assessment of pedestrian and cyclist access in new development. (City & County of Swansea Unitary Development Plan 2008)

### UDP - AS6 - Parking/Accessibility

Provision of car parking in accordance with adopted standards. (City & County of Swansea Unitary Development Plan 2008)

### Constraints

Constraint Type	Constraint Name
Classified Roads	Description: A483
Ancient Monuments 2km buffer	Name: Earthwork on Kilvey Hill Authority: Swansea
Ancient Monuments 3km buffer	Name: Earthwork on Kilvey Hill Authority: Swansea
Ancient Monuments 3km buffer	Name: Morfa Bridge and Quays Authority: Swansea
Ancient Monuments 3km buffer	Name: Morfa Bridge and Quays Authority: Swansea
Ancient Monuments 3km buffer	Name: Bon y Maen Standing Stone Authority: Swansea
Ancient Monuments 3km buffer	Name: Swansea Castle Authority: Swansea
Ancient Monuments	Name: Original Swansea Castle Authority: Swansea

3km buffer	
Ancient Monuments 3km buffer	Name: Hafod Copper Works Musgrave Engine and Rolls Authority: Swansea
Ancient Monuments 3km buffer	Name: St Margaret's Chapel Authority: Neath Port Talbot
Ancient Monuments 3km buffer	Name: Foxhole River Staithes Authority: Swansea
Ancient Monuments 3km buffer	Name: White Rock Copper Works Authority: Swansea
Ancient Monuments 3km buffer	Name: White Rock Copper Works Authority: Swansea
Swansea Airport	Desc: Bird attractive dev.13 KM / Windturbine dev. 30 KM- Ref: AIR:LINE-location: Swansea Airport, Fairwood Common, Swansea.
Coal Resource Areas Surface	Name: BGS_COAL_RESOURCES
DC Spatial History	Ref Number: 2012/0689 DC Application Type: FULL
DC Spatial History	Ref Number: 2018/1078/FUL DC Application Type: FULL
DC Spatial History	Ref Number: 2018/2249/FUL DC Application Type:
DC Spatial History	Ref Number: 2016/0246 DC Application Type: FULL
DC Spatial History	Ref Number: 2018/0552/FUL DC Application Type: FULL
DC Spatial History	Ref Number: 2017/0801/DCO DC Application Type: DCOR
DC Spatial History	Ref Number: 2017/0802/DCO DC Application Type: DCOR

DC Spatial History	Ref Number: 2017/0803/DCO DC Application Type: DCOR
DC Spatial History	Ref Number: 2013/1017 DC Application Type: HIST
DC Spatial History	Ref Number: 2008/2375 DC Application Type: S73
DC Spatial History	Ref Number: ENQ2010/0707 DC Application Type: ENQ
DC Spatial History	Ref Number: ENQ2014/0966 DC Application Type: ENQ
DC Spatial History	Ref Number: 2012/0705 DC Application Type: ADV
DC Spatial History	Ref Number: 2013/0003 DC Application Type: ADV
DC Spatial History	Ref Number: 2005/1384 DC Application Type: FULL
DC Spatial History	Ref Number: 2002/1629 DC Application Type: FULL
DC Spatial History	Ref Number: 2003/2194 DC Application Type: FULL
DC Spatial History	Ref Number: 2001/1735 DC Application Type: ELDC
Coal Authority Development Low Risk	Name: DEVELOPMENT_LOW_RISK_AREA
Notified Hazards Buffer	Ref: NHB:001(INNER) - Name: B. P. Queens Dock Swansea
Historic Contaminated Land	Name: ENGLISH CROWN SPELTE- Field: FORMER NON FERROUS M
Mining Area	location: MINEAREA- Description: MINING AREA- Type: Mining Area

Site of Scientific Interest	Name: EARLSWOOD ROAD CUTTING AND FERRYBOAT INN QUARRIES-Code: 33WXN
Site of Scientific Interest	Name: SIX PIT, SWANSEA VALE AND WHITE ROCK- Code: 32WY5
Site of Scientific Interest	Name: SIX PIT, SWANSEA VALE AND WHITE ROCK- Code: 32WY5
Site of Scientific Interest	Name: CORS CRYMLYN / CRYMLYN BOG- Code: 33WWP
Site of Scientific Interest	Name: EARLSWOOD ROAD CUTTING AND FERRYBOAT INN QUARRIES-Code: 33WXN
Site of Scientific Interest	Name: BLACKPILL, SWANSEA- Code: 33WAM
Site of Scientific Interest	Name: EARLSWOOD ROAD CUTTING AND FERRYBOAT INN QUARRIES-Code: 33WXN
Site of Scientific Interest	Name: CORS CRYMLYN / CRYMLYN BOG- Code: 33WWP
Site of Scientific Interest	Name: CRYMLYN BURROWS- Code: 33WDC
Site of Scientific Interest	Name: SIX PIT, SWANSEA VALE AND WHITE ROCK- Code: 32WY5
Site of Scientific Interest	Name: EARLSWOOD ROAD CUTTING AND FERRYBOAT INN QUARRIES-Code: 33WXN
Site of Scientific Interest	Name: EARLSWOOD ROAD CUTTING AND FERRYBOAT INN QUARRIES-Code: 33WXN
Site of Scientific Interest	Name: PANT-Y-SAIS- Code: 33WXQ
Surface Water Flooding	Name: Surface Water Flooding - Zone: Intermediate
Surface Water Flooding	Name: Surface Water Flooding - Zone: Intermediate

Surface Water Flooding	Name: Surface Water Flooding - Zone: Intermediate
Surface Water Flooding	Name: Surface Water Flooding - Zone: Intermediate
Surface Water Flooding	Name: Surface Water Flooding - Zone: Less
	Name: St. Thomas ED

#### Site History

App Number	Proposal	Status	Decision Date
2018/2249/FUL	Change of use from storage and distribution (B8) to mixed use (class A1, A3, B1 and D2)	PDE	

### APPRAISAL

#### **RESPONSES TO CONSULTATIONS**

#### **Public Response**

The application was advertised in accordance with the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) Order 2012 (as amended) by the posting of a site notice within the vicinity of the application site.

o No representations have been received to date.

# **Highway Authority**

The Head of Transportation and Engineering was consulted and responded with the following comments:

#### Introduction

The proposals do not outline what the exact intended use will be; there is a collection of land uses including B1, A1, A3 and D2 used within the application, with no specific quantum given. It is assumed from the information provided that the use will be generally a party event venue and bar or nightclub use. This will also be supplemented by night events, whether scheduled or bespoke and day time coffee shop and restaurant.

The Transport Assessment (TA) which has been submitted as part of the application has been reviewed. This has been submitted following the previous Highway Officer consultation recommendation for refusal (2018/1078/FUL) based on the lack of information.

# **Existing Highway Conditions**

The location of local facilities has been presented, the method used is reported as pedestrian isochrones, however the distances displayed are radial and not joining points of equal distance and/or journey time using footways. As such the distances cannot be relied upon to provide a true account. In addition to this there are a noticeable lack of facilities that would encourage linked trips.

The location of the proposals is at a significant distance from key transport connections such as the train station and bus station, which lay between 3.0 and 3.5 kilometres walking distance. The facilities that could be similar in their use to the proposals are also located in central Swansea broadly between the train station and bus station, thereby being highly sustainable.

# Highway Safety

The highway safety assessment section is brief and has not reviewed the details of the vehicular incidents leading to personal injury, this is likely to be due to using 'Crashmap'. We would require an assessment that considers the causation factors as well as the travel modes which were involved. This will help to determine whether there are any existing safety issues and how the proposals could impact upon this. The data provided by the City and County of Swansea or Welsh Government has been validated and errors in reporting adjusted, thereby cutting down on the inaccuracies. Therefore this methodology (CCS/WG) should be used in all cases, instead of Crashmap, when preparing TAs.

In addition to the above, the study area has been cropped short, particularly given the known collision history to the immediate west of the signalised access junction. A serious incident had occurred during the night time around a year ago and involved a vulnerable road user who was struck by a vehicle. This incident would be an example of what the Highway Authority would be cautious of in reviewing this application.

#### Parking Provision

The previous Highway Authority response also requested that the Gross Floor Area of each element of the proposals was confirmed and used to determine parking requirements. This has not been provided, although there is further information in terms of a layout and a quantum.

The TA requested it to be noted, within the parking discussion section, that the applicant's existing similar venue operating in Cardiff provides no parking facilities. The Cardiff venue is located at around 800 metres walking distance to the capital city train station and bus interchange facilities, in broadly a straight line connection; on this basis it is significantly better located in sustainable travel terms than that being presented for consideration.

A provision of 78 car parking spaces is proposed although this is not based on the Swansea Parking Standards, it is likely developed by what the site area could provide. We would require further evidence based justification on the level of parking proposed, given the unstainable location of the site. In addition to this, given the local knowledge of parking issues at this location, it would have been required to demonstrate how the parking provision for this site

affects the neighbouring units, showing clearly the allocation of parking for each business. The proposed car parking and circulation appears to take up the area in front of the neighbouring building.

The supplementary planning guidance for parking specifies that parking bays are provided at dimensions of 2.6 metres by 4.8 metres. This will need to be provided to be in compliance, regardless of commonplace parking space dimensions of 2.4 metres width.

For disabled parking use the provision is a minimum of one space per disabled employee, plus 6% of the total parking provision. The required dimensions for disabled parking provision are 2.4 metres by 4.8 metres with a 1.2 metre margin around three sides to allow transfer from vehicle to wheelchair and not just to one side and rear.

Motorcycle parking provision has been acknowledged in the TA at 5% of the total car parking provision. Motorcycle parking should be secure and can vary in dimensions; Swansea recommends a size of 2.8 metres by 1.3 metres is provided. Motorcycle is parking proposed informally, although could be formalised at the request of the LHA. This would be required.

Cycle parking has been presented under the category of commercial concert hall, which is not unreasonable and may provide a useful proxy for comparing the proposed car parking provision of 78 against a potential of around 300 spaces (on the full gross floor area of the site).

It is unclear where commercial vehicle parking will take place. This would be required for each of the land uses proposed, together with swept path assessments illustrating adequate parking and turning areas.

#### Internal Site Layout

The proposed internal layout has been considered. At present there are no pedestrian facilities available from the Langdon Road junction with Bevans Row. In considering the application which could see a peak of around 1,000 attendees, this could mean a few hundred pedestrians walking in the carriageway which is assumed to be unlit and industrial in nature, whilst a significant number of vehicles arrive and depart. On safety ground this would not be acceptable particularly in view of the time of operation and alcohol consumption.

Internal layout provision for the goods and delivery route appears confusing at the internal car park junction. Entering and exiting the general circulation at the location shown is not supported given that it is irregular and would be unexpected to normal site users.

Disabled parking bays seem to show the 1.2 metre buffer areas overlapping the central pedestrian route. The parking requirements do not intend for buffers to form part of walking routes.

#### Traffic Generation

The trip generation analysis includes the potential traffic generation of the existing building land use. The analysis has used the TRICs database employing Industrial Units as the search category. It is understood that the unit may be commercially let in this way, although the planning statement and application confirm the existing lawful land use as B8 storage and distribution.

The criteria set out in the TA and Appendix B has been followed and attempts to replicate this trip rate are unsuccessful. The study has shown this trip rate presented in the TA to be higher than those with searches carried out by CCS.

Furthermore, cursory reviews of TRICs under the B8 land use of warehousing, self-storage and commercial presents lower trips rates.

The conclusions are that the existing traffic generation predictions are potentially over optimistic.

To determine the traffic generating capabilities of the site, the methodology set out in the TA uses the maximum attendee numbers and donor sites from TRICs database to forecast multi modal trips. The TRICs site selection comprised two sites, public house type uses, which is considered too small to be representative. However the approach is considered to be broadly acceptable, although the vehicular modal split is considered to be low given the detached nature of the proposed site from other similar venues and lack of transport choices.

The traffic generation analysis presents the case for primary transfer trips, non-primary linked trips, non-primary pass-by trips and non-primary diverted trips. This methodology is generally acceptable when dealing with retail development, in particular food retail. The location of this site and the fact that it is not linked or near other such establishments means that it cannot achieve the benefit and discount in trips that are claimed in the TA.

There is reasoning provided on how 50% of trips will transfer from other venues and therefore traffic impact has been halved, this is unlikely for the reasons described above, although some small level of transfer is likely. The proportion is likely to be low when considering that in the city centre area there are a number of venues which would generally be accessed sustainably. This location is likely to require car use, an increase in cars on the network for those who may have ordinarily travelled by bus or train for central venues.

In general, the reasoning on transfer, diverted, pass-by and non-primary is weaker in this type of land use given its offering and the chosen location. In addition to the 50% transfer trip discount above, the assessment seeks a further 30% pass-by and diverted trips reduction. There is concern with this and this will be set out in more detail below.

The current Depot at Cardiff runs regular events and special events, all seem to heavily internet based sales, with a small number of tickets held at the door for first come first served. The visitors to the proposed venue are therefore heading directly to a pre-paid event and will not be diverting or passing by.

Student visitors to this venue are unlikely to drive, given the reduced car ownership and parking levels set at nearby student accommodation at Bay Campus. This user group is therefore likely to make up the majority of the walking trade and reduces further the propensity for car transfer, pass-by or diversions.

Entertainment events that include alcohol consumption require good transport links, this is located a long walking distance from central connections with some bus services. Therefore cross visiting is unlikely and more likely to generate unsustainable journeys primarily at this location.

#### Traffic Impact and Capacity Assessments

The peak hour development impact at the nearby signalised junction with Fabian way has been calculated at 5%. The traffic impact is in the opinion of the Highway Authority is that it is likely to be higher for the reasons set out in the earlier section and is therefore disputed.

This junction is already sensitive to changes and regardless of any trip discounting impact will still be regarded as severe.

The capacity assessment has focussed on the regular events of 250 visitors as the 1,000 events are reported as not being considered typical. The analysis should consider the peak use of the site so that the impacts can be fully understood at this sensitive location.

The model parameters for the signal junction have been taken from those within the nearby SA1 development - (Ref 2015/1584) which the TA refers to as agreed parameters. It is assumed that the methodology used did not include the development traffic from that donor development given the discussion on double counting and growth factors. Although to layer on the proposals to the adjacent site assessments would have formed a useful scenario in understanding the impact of both developments and provide a robust assessment.

The TA (based on 250 attendees assessment) concludes that the proposals will result in detriment to the operation of the junction. In our opinion this will be extensively compounded by the fact that there has been excessive discount applied to traffic assumptions and the fact that the assessments only focused on events of 250 attendees and not the full potential of 1,000.

The TA capacity assessment summary advised that the adjacent development was found acceptable with a larger reported traffic impact. It was agreed as acceptable following commitment to planned improvements to mitigate the identified impact. It is then suggested in the TA that this proposal could also be accommodated through minor reconfiguration works.

The SA1 development was considered on its own merits and proposed mitigation that was obviously considered acceptable at the time of decision. The subject of this application was not factored into that process and will need to consider it's own mitigation, after first assessing the full impact of the development.

To conclude, we do not accept the findings of the TA and we do not accept that the Depot proposals can be accommodated within existing infrastructure given that the base assumptions referenced in the TA are flawed.

#### Summary

Based on the above consultation response, it is clear that there are safety concerns over vulnerable road users at this location, particularly given the nature of the proposals. There are further concerns on the methodology for forecasting development impact, under representation of the events at capacity assessment and overall lack of mitigation proposed. The Highway Authority considers that this application should be recommended for refusal.

# **Pollution Control Team**

The Pollution Control Team was consulted and responded with the following comments:

I have considered the information provided in the application and would like to OBJECT to the application due to the lack of technical details relating to how amplified sound from the venue is to be controlled to ensure that local residents are not disturbed by the change of use to B1, A1, A3, D2. General noise reduction measures that were applied to The Depot, Cardiff were included in the report. However, the information was too general to satisfy the Department that these provisions would control noise emanating from the site, specifically from the A3 and D2 use.

I would require technical details on all the works undertaken on the structure, which is in essence a metal shed plus specifications on all entrances, exits, ventilation ducts/ openings; technical details on the sound system and location of speakers plus any other works to minimise noise outbreak

There were also comments within the report that were unclear and I have listed these below:

- There appears to be a typing error on the title page which reads 'The Depot, Dumballs Road, Cardiff' as on the next page it reads 'The Depot, Langdon Road';
- The report states that the proposed opening hours for the venue will be Monday to Friday 10.00 00.00 but the application states that the times of opening are Monday Friday 10.00 00.00 and Saturday and Sunday 10.00 01.00;
- o Page 9 4.1.4 'crowd noise was not the dominant noise source coming from the Depot in Swansea and was largely masked by traffic noise or music noise' Should this read 'Cardiff rather than Swansea?;
- o Page 9 4.1.5 Table 2 noise levels recorded at monitoring location 4 is representative of noise levels due to music and microphone I get that but then page 10 4.1.6 Table 3 noise levels recorded at monitoring location 3 is representative of noise levels due to traffic but why are the 'Resultant noise levels' exactly the same in Table 2 and 3. They have the same title as well 'Source noise level adjustments for predicted music noise levels';
- o I started getting confused and wasn't sure what Table 4 page 11 4.1.7 was predicting traffic or music?
- o Page 12 4.2.2 Events are only held regularly on a Friday? Does this just apply to Events were the main component is amplified music?

#### **Dwr Cymru**

No objection subject to a condition and advisory notes.

#### **Description**

This application seeks full planning permission for the change of use of the Unit between Limitless and Swansea Coach Builders, SA1 Business Park from B8 to a mix of Class A1, A3, B1 and D2.

The site, which forms part of the old AWCO works is located adjacent to Fabian Way, one of the main approach corridors and gateway to the City Centre and within close proximity of a number of commercial units including Audi and Mercedes car dealerships, Hancock and Brown builder's merchants, McDonalds and Starbucks. The whole of the site benefits from planning permission for storage and distribution (Class B8) granted in December 2003 (planning application reference 2003/2194).

The former AWCO works are now sub-divided and let as industrial units and are used for a range of activities including storage, distribution, museum (Swansea Bus Museum), car mechanics, engineering and a gym. Access to the site is gained from Langdon Road and is shared with the other units.

#### **Planning History**

A previous planning application (2018/1078/FUL) for the change of use from storage and distribution (Class B8) to mixed use (Class A1, A3 and D2) was refused on 6th July 2018 for the following reasons:

- 1. It has not been demonstrated that the site is the most sequentially preferable in terms of its proposed location and would therefore undermine the principle of locating retail, restaurant and leisure uses within existing commercial centres. As a result the application has failed to demonstrate that the proposed development does not result in material harm to the vitality and viability of the City Centre. Moreover the development would result in the loss of a site that would be better retained for uses that are suited to a more peripheral out of centre location. The proposal development would therefore undermine the Council's economic strategy to locate economic development in the most appropriate and sustainable locations and is contrary to Policies EC3, EC4, EC9 and HC18 of the City and County of Swansea Unitary Development Plan (Adopted 2008).
- 2. Insufficient information has been provided as part of the planning application in relation to the nature and extent of the proposed uses to demonstrate that the proposed change of use to a mixed use of A1, A3 and D2 would not harm the amenity of neighbouring occupiers by virtue of late night noise and traffic disturbance. Accordingly the development is contrary to the requirements of policies EV1 (iii) and EV40 of the City and County of Swansea Unitary Development Plan (Adopted 2008).
- 3. Insufficient information has been provided by way of a Transport Assessment, including full details of proposed pedestrian and vehicular routes through the site to serve the proposed development in order to demonstrate that the highway network is capable of accommodating the traffic generated by the proposal and that suitable access and egress is provided to serve the development. Accordingly it has not been demonstrated that the proposed change of use would not have an adverse impact upon access and highway safety and traffic flows, contrary to Policies EV3, EC4, HC18, AS1, AS2, AS5 and AS6 of the City and County of Swansea Unitary Development Plan (Adopted 2008).

#### **Main Issues**

The main issues in the consideration of this application relate to the principle of the proposed use of the unit as a mixture of A1, A3, B1 and D2 uses having regard to the loss of an industrial/warehouse use within an established industrial and commercial area including the impact of the change upon the City Centre, the impact of the proposed development on the character and appearance of the area including the amenities of neighbouring occupiers, and the impact on parking and highway safety, having regard to Policies EV1, EV40, HC18, EC3, EC4, EC9, AS1, AS2, AS5 and AS6 of the City and County of Swansea Unitary Development Plan (2008).

#### **Policy and Procedural Issues**

The Swansea UDP was 'time expired' on the 31st December 2016. In due course it will be replaced by the emerging Swansea Local Development Plan (LDP), adoption of which is anticipated to be in early 2019. Notwithstanding that the statutory starting point for decisions is the extant UDP (for the purposes of section 38(6) of the Planning Act), given the significant time period that has elapsed since the UDP was time expired it is appropriate to consider whether other material considerations indicate that determinations for individual planning proposals should be made otherwise than in accordance with the prevailing Plan. This includes consideration of key matters set out in national guidance, and the new policies and supporting evidence of the emerging LDP, which in some instances could potentially be decisive to determining a proposal.

Planning Policy Wales (PPW) at para. 4.2.4 emphasises that where certain development plan policies are considered outdated or superseded there is a presumption in favour of proposals in accordance with the key principles and policy objectives of sustainable development (as set out in PPW Sections 4.3-4.4), and that proposals should seek to maximise the contribution to meeting well-being objectives and goals emanating from the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act. PPW clearly states that, in taking decisions on individual planning applications, it is the responsibility of the decision maker to judge whether proposals successfully accord with these principles and objectives, having reference to all available evidence.

At Section 2.14, PPW also makes clear that planning authorities should give development plan policies that are outdated or superseded decreasing weight in favour of more relevant material considerations in the determination of individual applications, which includes emerging LDP policies and underlying evidence. This approach ensures that decisions are based on policies that have been written with the objective of contributing to the achievement of sustainable development, and crucially set within an up to date national planning and regulatory context. PPW does not define 'outdated or superseded' and invites the decision maker to consider this on a per issue basis having regard to new evidence, changes in circumstances and in light of the sustainable development presumption. The examination of what is needed to deliver sustainable development manifestly occurs through developing an evidence base for the LDP. which is considered the appropriate review process anticipated by PPW. The weight to be attached to an emerging LDP does vary depend on the stage it has reached, however it is not a straightforward linear relationship that increases as the Plan progresses towards adoption. This reflects the fact that planning inspectors appointed to examine LDPs are required to consider the soundness of the whole plan, in the context of national policy and all other matters which are material to it. Consequently, policies could ultimately be amended or deleted from the plan even though they may not have been the subject of a representation at Deposit stage (or be retained despite generating substantial objection). Certainty regarding the content of the plan will only be achieved when the Inspector publishes the binding report.

In the case of Swansea's emerging LDP, the Plan is plainly at a very advanced stage. Whilst certainty regarding LDP content can only be achieved once the Inspector(s) publishes the binding report, PPW does not suggest that weight can only be placed on the Plan at this stage. In considering what weight should be given to the specific policies in the emerging LDP for particular proposals, the decision maker must carefully consider the underlying evidence and background that applies to the particular policies that are relevant to consideration of that scheme. Any objections made to the policies are also pertinent considerations. It is significant therefore that the programmed hearings for the Examination of the Swansea Local Development Plan (LDP) were concluded in September 2018 and that the consultation on the resulting

'Matters Arising Changes' (MACs) to the Deposit will conclude in mid-December 2018. On the basis of this timetable, the Examination Inspectors have confirmed to the Council their intention to submit the Inspectors Report on the LDP in early January 2019. The Swansea LDP is therefore clearly at such an advanced stage in the process, and there is now a degree of certainty as to large parts of the Plan's content. Given this, where appropriate significant material weight can therefore be applied to relevant LDP policies.

In the case of this particular proposal, there are a number of emerging LDP policies that are considered relevant material considerations. These include:

- PS 2 Placemaking and Place Management. This policy states that development should enhance the quality of paces and spaces and respond positively to aspects of local context and character that contribute towards a sense of place.
- RC 2 Retail and Leisure Development. This policy states that retail and leisure facilities must assess the suitability of sites within Swansea Central Area, District Centres and Local Centres.
- RC 8 Commercial Development Within Strategic Development Areas. This policy states that retail, leisure and appropriate complementary commercial proposals will be supported within allocated Strategic Development Areas subject to strict criteria.
- RC 11 Alternative Uses at Employment Locations. This policy states that development of established industrial and commercial land and premises for non-business uses falling outside of Use Classes B1, B2 and B8 will only be permitted in certain circumstances.
- Policy RP 1 Safeguarding Public Health and Natural Resources Development that would result in significant risk to: life; human health and well-being; property; controlled waters; or the natural and historic environment, will not be permitted, particularly in respect of: air, noise or light pollution; flood risk; quality or quantity of water resources; land contamination; land instability or subsidence; sustainable development of mineral resources and sustainable waste management. Development judged to have a significant adverse effect on the integrity of any European Designated Sites will not be permitted.
- T 1 Transport Measures and Infrastructure. This policy states that development must be supported by appropriate transport measures and infrastructure.
- T 2 Active Travel. This policy highlights that development must take opportunities to enhance walking and cycling access.
- T 4 Transport Interchanges delivery of new or enhanced transport interchanges will be supported where they would serve to reduce the length and amount of journeys by car and help to minimise travel demand, including measures as specified in the policy.
- T5 Design Principles for Transport Measures and Infrastructure provides design criteria that the design of the new development, including supporting transport measures/infrastructure must adhere to.
- T 6 Parking Proposals must be served by appropriate parking provision in accordance with maximum parking standards.

#### **Principle of Development**

Policy HC18 of the City and County of Swansea Unitary Development Plan states that new leisure facilities will be permitted at suitable locations within the urban area subject to the policy criteria being met. The general thrust of the policy is to direct leisure facilities including retail and restaurants to city centre, district centre and edge of centre sites. Away from such locations, the need for facilities must be assessed and justified. Therefore proposals must not either singularly or cumulatively undermine the vitality and viability of the city centre and district shopping centres. Sites must be accessible by a number of modes of transport, provide appropriate levels of parking and not result in any significant effect on traffic flows.

Policy HC18 is supported by Policy EC3 of the City and County of Swansea Unitary Development Plan which states that:

Improvement and enhancement of the established industrial and commercial areas will be encouraged where appropriate through building enhancement, environmental improvement, infrastructure works, development opportunities and targeted business support. Development at established industrial and commercial areas for non-business uses will not be permitted where proposals unacceptably limit the range and quality of sites available for employment development.

This application is for the change of use of an industrial unit to a mixture of A1, A3, B1 and D2 uses.

No information has been submitted to justify that the unit has been marketed for appropriate business use with no uptake or that the unit is suitable for this type of development. The Planning Statement submitted sets out that the business model requires a unit of comparable size to the application unit and that a unit of this size cannot be found in the City Centre but provides no evidence of exploration of other sites within the City Centre or indeed District Centres to establish that this particular site is the most appropriate.

As such it is considered that the development will result in the loss of a site that would be better retained for uses that are suited to a more peripheral location due to their inherent nature and requirements. In effect the proposed uses would undermine the Council's economic strategy to locate leisure development (D2) in the most appropriate and sustainable locations. The development would therefore be contrary to Policy EC3 and is not considered acceptable.

Policy EC4 of the City and County of Swansea Unitary Development Plan refers to new retail development and states that the acceptability of retail development proposals will be assessed against the need for the development. The policy also states that new retail development will also only be permitted where:

- (i) The proposed site is the most sequentially preferable option
- (ii) There would be no material adverse impact upon the attractiveness, vitality and viability of the City Centre and other established shopping centres,
- (iii) The proposal is compatible with the function, scale and character of the centre within or adjacent to which the site is located,
- (iv) The site is accessible by foot, bicycle, public transport and car
- (v) The scheme satisfactorily addressed design, environmental and highway considerations.

It is vital to ensure that any new retail development complies with the requirements of the above policy. In general Class A1 refers to the retail sale of goods other than hot food. Class A3 refers

to food and drink outlets, for example, restaurants, pubs, cafes, takeaways etc. With regards to the proposed A1 and A3 elements of the proposal, it is considered that this location is not suitable for these types of uses, particularly given the wide ranging nature of these uses and the size of the application unit. The creation of out of town retailing and other commercial ventures is at odds with the thrust of policies directed at providing enhancements to the City Centre. Clearly if planning permission were to be granted for uses such as these, a number of different outlets could open within the unit of which the Local Planning Authority would have no control over. Whilst it is recognised that the submitted Planning Statement states that the A1 and A3 uses would be ancillary to the main D2 use, it also states that a Café is phase 2 of the development, and the floor spaces associated with each A1, A3 and D2 uses are all listed as 788 square metres. It is clear that if planning permission were to be granted for this mix of uses, the Local Planning Authority would have little control if the business model was altered and whilst not wishing to restrict entrepreneurship, as outlined above, it is considered that this is a wholly unsuitable and unsustainable location for these uses.

Whilst it is recognised that there are now a number of uses within the wider business park, namely car showrooms, a Starbucks and McDonalds, it is not considered that these A3 uses (Starbucks and McDonalds) undermine the overall vitality of the business park given that they are located on the periphery and comprise of much smaller floor spaces or undermine the vitality and viability of the City Centre.

#### **Emerging Local Development Plan Policies**

As touched upon above the Swansea Local Development Plan (LDP) is at an advanced stage and so the policies contained within the LDP are relevant in the determination of this application. The application site is located within the Fabian Way Corridor which is allocated for mixed commercial, residential (525 dwellings) and employment development (Policy SD K - Fabian Way Corridor). Whilst this allocation does allow for development this is part of a wider area allocation that actually denotes the majority of the site as being allocated for 'Higher Density Residential' alongside the existing employment land and a proposed 'Employment Land / Flexible Review Area'. It goes on to state that developer requirements would include the need to improve transportation links and the main driver of the policy being the linking of the Bay Campus with the City Centre. Given the allocation of the zone scheduled for residential use and the requirement to improve linkages it is clear that the proposal conflicts with the emerging policy position.

Policy RC 8 states that retail and leisure facilities will only be permitted if it is specifically identified as an opportunity in the relevant Strategic Development Area (SDA), is located in an appropriate central location within the community and is of an appropriate scale. The proposal fails on all three points as the site is not allocated for retail and leisure within the Fabian Way Corridor SDA, is not located centrally within the community and is of a significant scale. Policy RC 11 requires that applicants demonstrate that the existing use is no longer viable or appropriate, that there is no need to retain the land or premises for its current use, that there would be no unacceptable impact on neighbouring properties and there are no sequentially preferable sites. This policy is similar to that of Policy HC18 and EC3 in its requirements which have been addressed above. Policies T 1, T 2 and T 6 all refer to the need for sustainable travel and adequate parking and accessibility provision for new development.

Whilst it is recognised that these Policies are yet to be formally adopted, as the Local Development Plan is at such an advanced stage and has been subject to consultation, they can

be given some weight in the determination of this application. The scheme assessed against the LDP policies fails in respect of the principle of development in view of the allocation.

#### **Visual and Residential Amenity**

Whilst it is recognised that there are only minor external alterations proposed, including a new entrance door, it is very likely, given the proposed change of use and the state of disrepair that the unit is in, that further applications to alter the appearance of the unit would be required. It is considered that the proposed uses, by their very nature would alter the character and appearance of the business park

The application form states that the unit would operate from Monday to Friday 10.00 to 00.00 and Saturday, Sunday and Bank Holidays 10.00 - 01.00. The Noise Assessment Report only lists opening hours from Monday to Friday 10.00 - 00.00. It is however assumed, based on the nature of the proposal, that the opening hours as detailed in the application form are correct. These operating hours suggest that the uses will be of a late night nature and will therefore generate comings and goings to the site much later than the surrounding units. Whilst it can be accepted that the site lies within an existing business park, the very nature of the uses proposed with late night visits to and from the premises by potentially large numbers of people and the potential for serving alcohol from the premises would likely lead to noise and disturbance impacts and conflicts with existing residential uses in the area, most particularly the residences located along Bevans Row.

The Pollution Control Team has also objected to the proposal based on the lack of technical details relating to how amplified sound from the venue is to be controlled to ensure that local residents are not disturbed by the change of use to B1, A1, A3, D2. The Pollution Control Team is not satisfied that the proposed change of use will not have an impact upon the residential amenity of nearby properties. Whilst it can be noted that the applicant's Noise Survey puts forward suggestions of 'mitigation measures' to control noise sources, including insulation and automatic door closers this would clearly not mitigate for the late activity and noise generated from the use by reason of comings and goings to the premises. Whilst balancing up the extant use for business purposes the proposed use is materially different and as referred to likely to generate larger volumes of people attending the site at one time than late at night.

The applicant has applied for a mix of A1, A3, B1 and D2 uses, however no reference is made within the supporting information as to what part the B1 use will play in the overall development of the site. The B1 use class can be categorised as offices, research and development of products and processes and light industry that is appropriate in a residential area. The application form states that the A1 use will comprise of 788 square metres of floorspace, the A3 use will comprise of 788 square metres of floorspace and the B1 use will comprise of 256 square metres of floorspace. The floor plans do not indicate how these uses will be separated so whilst indicative floorspaces have been specified on the application form, this does little to show how the business will operate.

In view of the above it is considered that the proposed mix of A1, A3, B1 and D2 uses would have a detrimental impact upon the amenity and well-being of neighbouring residential occupiers by virtue of late night noise and traffic disturbance, contrary to the requirements of Policies EV1 (iii) and EV40 of the City and County of Swansea Unitary Development Plan (Adopted 2008) as well as emerging Local Development Plan policies PS 2 - Placemaking and RP 1- Safeguarding Public Health and Natural Resources.

#### **Access and Highway Safety**

The Head of Transportation and Engineering has commented on this application and has stated that the proposed change of use would have a significant and detrimental impact upon highway and pedestrian safety. It is clear from the submitted Transport Statement that the proposed uses will generate additional vehicular flows to and from the site. The report which is set out above includes consideration of the submitted Transport Statement and raises various matters including the methodology for forecasting development impact, under representation of the events at capacity assessment, insufficient information on parking demands of other business uses in conjunction with the proposed uses and no mitigation proposed to limit the impacts of the development. Whilst noting the lack of firm evidence to support the uses being proposed a clear concern raised is that of pedestrian safety, particularly in connection with the access to and from the site.

#### Pedestrian Safety

The submitted information states that the development will host events for up to 1,000 people. The business park is, for the most part, unlit, and the area outside the application unit is allocated for car parking. This would mean that pedestrians would have to navigate this area and locate the pedestrian entrance onto Fabian Way or walk through the entire business park. The proposed ground floor plan indicates that the pedestrian access onto Fabian Way will be stewarded which although may help these users in locating the access point, no stewarding would take place after this point. A significant number of pedestrians would then be walking along a footway adjacent to a road which is essentially a dual carriageway, with alcohol consumption involved this presents a significant safety concern and one which should not be facilitated by the granting of this application. In connection with the existing vehicular access off Langdon Road near the junction with Bevans Row it is clear that the access has no pavement and those accessing the venue from Langdon Road would likely conflict with vehicular traffic. Whilst it can be accepted that there are existing uses within the business park, including that of a trampoline centre, the proposed uses are materially different in that they are likely to encourage, in view of alcohol consumption, visitors to attend by foot.

Based on the above, it is clear that there are safety concerns over vulnerable road users at this location, particularly given the nature of the proposals. There are further concerns on the methodology for forecasting development impact, under representation of the events at capacity assessment and overall lack of mitigation proposed. Therefore it is considered that the proposals fail to accord with Policies EV3, EC4, HC18, AS1, AS2, AS5 and AS6 of the City and County of Swansea Unitary Development Plan (Adopted 2008) and policies T 1, T 2, T 5 and T 6 of the Emerging Local Development Plan.

#### The Depot Cardiff

Throughout the submission references are made to the applicants existing similar venue in Cardiff. It therefore seems appropriate to note the differences between these two sites. At the Cardiff site planning permission was granted for the change of use for the existing industrial warehouse (Class B2) to a temporary use for three years as a restaurant (Class A3) on 2nd July 2015. There is also another planning application to extend the opening hours and change the use to a restaurant and drinking establishment for a further three years. It appears that this has yet to be determined.

With reference to highway and pedestrian safety it should be noted that whilst the applicant's existing similar venue operating in Cardiff provides no parking facilities, the Cardiff venue is located at around 800 metres walking distance to the capital city train station and bus interchange facilities, in broadly a straight line connection. On this basis it is significantly better located in sustainable travel terms than that being presented for consideration.

In addition it is noted that there have been issues in terms of noise pollution to surrounding residents from the Cardiff site. Swansea's Pollution Control Team have stated that insufficient information has been provided to demonstrate that the change of use would not impact surrounding residents and that the information provided in terms of noise reduction measures was too general to satisfy the Department that these provisions would control noise emanating from the site, specifically from the A3 and D2 use. Taking the concerns of the Pollution Control Team i respect of the uses within the building coupled with concerns about late night comings and goings to the site it is not considered that this application is acceptable on residential amenity grounds.

#### Conclusions

In conclusion it is considered that the proposal represents an unacceptable form of development. It has not been demonstrated that the site is the most sequentially preferable in terms of its proposed location and would therefore undermine the principle of locating retail, restaurant and leisure uses within existing commercial centres. Moreover the development would result in the loss of an existing site that would be better retained for uses that are suited to a more peripheral out of centre location. The proposal conflicts with emerging policies contained with the Local Development Plan which allocate the site for residential purposes. These concerns alongside concerns about the impact of the use upon residential amenity and highway safety in the area lead to the conclusion that the application is not acceptable. The proposed change of use to a mix of A1, A3, B1 and D2 is therefore contrary to Policies EV1, EV40, HC18, EC3, EC4, EC9, AS1, AS2, AS5 and AS6 of the City and County of Swansea Unitary Development Plan (Adopted 2008) and emerging policies contained with the Local Development Plan.

Regard has been given to the duty to improve the economic, social and cultural well-being of Wales, in accordance with the sustainable development principle, under Part 2, Section 3 of the Well-Being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 ("the WBFG Act"). In reaching this recommendation the Local Planning Authority has taken into account of the ways of working set out in Part 2, Section 5 of the WBFG Act and consider that this recommendation is in accordance with the sustainable development principle through its contribution towards one or more of the public bodies' well-being objectives set out as required by Part 2, Section 9 of the WBFG Act.

#### Recommendation;

#### Refuse for the following reasons:

It has not been demonstrated that the site is the most sequentially preferable in terms of its proposed location and would therefore undermine the principle of locating retail, restaurant and leisure uses within existing commercial centres. As a result the application has failed to demonstrate that the proposed development does not result in material harm to the vitality and viability of the City Centre. Moreover the development would result in the loss of an existing site that would be better retained for uses that are suited to a more

peripheral out of centre location. The proposal development would therefore undermine the Council's economic strategy to locate economic development in the most appropriate and sustainable locations and is contrary to Policies EC3, EC4, EC9 and HC18 of the City and County of Swansea Unitary Development Plan (Adopted 2008). Furthermore the principle of development conflicts with the Emerging Local Development Plan in respect of Policy SD K - Fabian Way Corridor in that the majority of the business park site is allocated for Higher Density Residential use alongside Employment Land, Policy RC 2 in that suitability of existing sites and premises within defined centres has not been undertaken and Policy RC 8 in that the proposal is not a site specific proposal or included on the SDA concept plan as an integral element of a planned new neighbourhood.

- The proposed change of use from B8 to a mixed use of A1, A3, B1 and D2 by virtue of the nature of the mix of uses at this location, the hours of operation including late night visitors to and from the premises will harm the amenities and well-being of neighbouring residential occupiers by virtue of late night noise and traffic disturbance. Accordingly the development is contrary to the requirements of policies EV1 (iii) and EV40 of the City and County of Swansea Unitary Development Plan (Adopted 2008) and the Emerging Local Development Plan Policies PS 2 Placemaking and RP 1 Safeguarding Public Health and Natural Resources.
- The proposed change of use from B8 to a mix of A1, A3, B1 and D2 would have the propensity to generate additional vehicular flows to and from the site and it has not been adequately established that the development can be accommodated within the existing infrastructure. The submitted Transport Assessment is considered to be flawed in its projections and reasoning in view of the methodology for forecasting development impact, under representation of the events at capacity assessment, insufficient information on parking demands of other business uses in conjunction with the proposed uses and no mitigation proposed to limit the impacts of the development. Accordingly the development is contrary to the requirements of Policies EV3, EC4, HC18, AS1, AS2, AS5 and AS6 of the City and County of Swansea Unitary Development Plan (Adopted 2008) and policies T 1, T 2, T 5 and T 6 of the Emerging Local Development Plan.
- The development includes proposals to hold events with up to 1,000 people in attendance and high numbers of pedestrians would therefore be within the business park which has no footways and is unlit and the wider area. The increase in vulnerable road users within the business park and along Fabian Way would present significant highway safety concerns which would not accord with the provisions of Policies EV3, EC4, HC18, AS1, AS2, AS5 and AS6 of the City and County of Swansea Unitary Development Plan (Adopted 2008) and policies T 1, T 2 and T 5 of the Emerging Local Development Plan.

#### **Informatives**

- The development plan covering the City and County of Swansea is the City and County of Swansea Unitary Development Plan. The following policies were relevant to the consideration of the application: EV1, EV40, HC18, EC3, EC4, EC9, AS1, AS2, AS5 and AS6 and policies contained within the Emerging Local Development Plan.
- 2 PLANS

1833-20-100 proposed ground floor plan, 1833-20-101 proposed first floor plan, 1833-20-200 proposed elevations and section, 1833-20-290 proposed site plan, received 22nd October 2018. Location plan, received 25th October 2018.

**2018/2249/FUL** Change of use from storage and distribution (B8) to mixed use (class A1, A3, B1 and D2).

The Depot (unit Between Limitless Trampoline Park And Swansea Coach Builders) Langdon Road SA1 Business Park Swansea SA1 8DB

The proposals seek to redevelop and existing building located at the Langdon Road Business Park.

#### Introduction

The proposals do not outline what the exact intended use will be; there is a collection of land uses including B1, A1, A3 and D2 used within the application, with no specific quantum given. It is assumed from the information provided that the use will be generally a party event venue and bar or nightclub use. This will also be supplemented by night events, whether scheduled or bespoke and day time coffee shop and restaurant.

The Transport Assessment (TA) which has been submitted as part of the application has been reviewed. This has been submitted following the previous Highway Officer consultation recommendation for refusal (2018/1078/FUL) based on the lack of information.

#### **Existing Highway Conditions**

The location of local facilities has been presented, the method used is reported as pedestrian isochrones, however the distances displayed are radial and not joining points of equal distance and/or journey time using footways. As such the distances cannot be relied upon to provide a true account. In addition to this there are a noticeable lack of facilities that would encourage linked trips.

The location of the proposals is at a significant distance from key transport connections such as the train station and bus station, which lay between 3.0 and 3.5 kilometres walking distance. The facilities that could be similar in their use to the proposals are also located in central Swansea broadly between the train station and bus station, thereby being highly sustainable.

#### **Highway Safety**

The highway safety assessment section is brief and has not reviewed the details of the vehicular incidents leading to personal injury, this is likely to be due to using 'Crashmap'. We would require an assessment that considers the causation factors as well as the travel modes which were involved. This will help to determine whether there are any existing safety issues and how the proposals could impact upon this. The data provided by the City and County of Swansea or Welsh Government has been validated and errors in reporting adjusted, thereby cutting down on the inaccuracies. Therefore this methodology (CCS/WG) should be used in all cases, instead of Crashmap, when preparing TAs.

In addition to the above, the study area has been cropped short, particularly given the known collision history to the immediate west of the signalised access junction. A serious incident had occurred during the night time around a year ago and involved a vulnerable road user who was struck by a vehicle. This incident would be an example of what the Highway Authority would be cautious of in reviewing this application.

#### **Parking Provision**

The previous Highway Authority response also requested that the Gross Floor Area of each element of the proposals was confirmed and used to determine parking requirements. This has not been provided, although there is further information in terms of a layout and a quantum.

The TA requested it to be noted, within the parking discussion section, that the applicant's existing similar venue operating in Cardiff provides no parking facilities. The Cardiff venue is located at around 800 metres walking distance to the capital city train station and bus interchange facilities, in broadly a straight line connection; on this basis it is significantly better located in sustainable travel terms than that being presented for consideration.

A provision of 78 car parking spaces is proposed although this is not based on the Swansea Parking Standards, it is likely developed by what the site area could provide. We would require further evidence based justification on the level of parking proposed, given the unstainable location of the site. In addition to this, given the local knowledge of parking issues at this location, it would have been required to demonstrate how the parking provision for this site affects the neighbouring units, showing clearly the allocation of parking for each business. The proposed car parking and circulation appears to take up the area in front of the neighbouring building.

The supplementary planning guidance for parking specifies that parking bays are provided at dimensions of 2.6 metres by 4.8 metres. This will need to be provided to be in compliance, regardless of commonplace parking space dimensions of 2.4 metres width.

For disabled parking use the provision is a minimum of one space per disabled employee, plus 6% of the total parking provision. The required dimensions for disabled parking provision are 2.4 metres by 4.8 metres with a 1.2 metre margin around three sides to allow transfer from vehicle to wheelchair and not just to one side and rear.

Motorcycle parking provision has been acknowledged in the TA at 5% of the total car parking provision. Motorcycle parking should be secure and can vary in dimensions; Swansea recommends a size of 2.8 metres by 1.3 metres is provided. Motorcycle is parking proposed informally, although could be formalised at the request of the LHA. This would be required.

Cycle parking has been presented under the category of commercial concert hall, which is not unreasonable and may provide a useful proxy for comparing the proposed car parking provision of 78 against a potential of around 300 spaces (on the full gross floor area of the site).

It is unclear where commercial vehicle parking will take place. This would be required for each of the land uses proposed, together with swept path assessments illustrating adequate parking and turning areas.

#### **Internal Site Layout**

The proposed internal layout has been considered. At present there are no pedestrian facilities available from the Langdon Road junction with Bevans Row. In considering the application which could see a peak of around 1,000 attendees, this could mean a few hundred pedestrians walking in the carriageway which is assumed to be unlit and industrial in nature, whilst a significant number of vehicles arrive and depart. On safety ground this would not be acceptable particularly in view of the time of operation and alcohol consumption.

Internal layout provision for the goods and delivery route appears confusing at the internal car park junction. Entering and exiting the general circulation at the location shown is not supported given that it is irregular and would be unexpected to normal site users.

Disabled parking bays seem to show the 1.2 metre buffer areas overlapping the central pedestrian route. The parking requirements do not intend for buffers to form part of walking routes.

#### **Traffic Generation**

The trip generation analysis includes the potential traffic generation of the existing building land use. The analysis has used the TRICs database employing Industrial Units as the search category. It is understood that the unit may be commercially let in this way, although the planning statement and application confirm the existing lawful land use as B8 storage and distribution.

The criteria set out in the TA and Appendix B has been followed and attempts to replicate this trip rate are unsuccessful. The study has shown this trip rate presented in the TA to be higher than those with searches carried out by CCS.

Furthermore, cursory reviews of TRICs under the B8 land use of warehousing, self-storage and commercial presents lower trips rates.

The conclusions are that the existing traffic generation predictions are potentially over optimistic.

To determine the traffic generating capabilities of the site, the methodology set out in the TA uses the maximum attendee numbers and donor sites from TRICs database to forecast multi modal trips. The TRICs site selection comprised two sites, public house type uses, which is considered too small to be representative. However the approach is considered to be broadly acceptable, although the vehicular modal split is considered to be low given the detached nature of the proposed site from other similar venues and lack of transport choices.

The traffic generation analysis presents the case for primary transfer trips, non-primary linked trips, non-primary pass-by trips and non-primary diverted trips. This methodology is generally acceptable when dealing with retail development, in particular food retail. The location of this site and the fact that it is not linked or near other such establishments means that it cannot achieve the benefit and discount in trips that are claimed in the TA.

There is reasoning provided on how 50% of trips will transfer from other venues and therefore traffic impact has been halved, this is unlikely for the reasons described above, although some small level of transfer is likely. The proportion is likely to be low when considering that in the city centre area there are a number of venues which would generally be accessed sustainably. This location is likely to require car use, an increase in cars on the network for those who may have ordinarily travelled by bus or train for central venues.

In general, the reasoning on transfer, diverted, pass-by and non-primary is weaker in this type of land use given its offering and the chosen location. In addition to the 50% transfer trip discount above, the assessment seeks a further 30% pass-by and diverted trips reduction. There is concern with this and this will be set out in more detail below.

The current Depot at Cardiff runs regular events and special events, all seem to heavily internet based sales, with a small number of tickets held at the door for first come first served. The visitors to the proposed venue are therefore heading directly to a pre-paid event and will not be diverting or passing by.

Student visitors to this venue are unlikely to drive, given the reduced car ownership and parking levels set at nearby student accommodation at Bay Campus. This user group is therefore likely to make up the majority of the walking trade and reduces further the propensity for car transfer, pass-by or diversions.

Entertainment events that include alcohol consumption require good transport links, this is located a long walking distance from central connections with some bus services. Therefore cross visiting is unlikely and more likely to generate unsustainable journeys primarily at this location.

#### **Traffic Impact and Capacity Assessments**

The peak hour development impact at the nearby signalised junction with Fabian way has been calculated at 5%. The traffic impact is in the opinion of the Highway Authority is that it is likely to be higher for the reasons set out in the earlier section and is therefore disputed.

This junction is already sensitive to changes and regardless of any trip discounting impact will still be regarded as severe.

The capacity assessment has focussed on the regular events of 250 visitors as the 1,000 events are reported as not being considered typical. The analysis should consider the peak use of the site so that the impacts can be fully understood at this sensitive location.

The model parameters for the signal junction have been taken from those within the nearby SA1 development – (Ref 2015/1584) which the TA refers to as agreed parameters. It is assumed that the methodology used did not include the development traffic from that donor development given the discussion on double counting and growth factors. Although to layer on the proposals to the adjacent site assessments would have formed a useful scenario in understanding the impact of both developments and provide a robust assessment.

The TA (based on 250 attendees assessment) concludes that the proposals will result in detriment to the operation of the junction. In our opinion this will be extensively compounded by the fact that there has been excessive discount applied to traffic assumptions and the fact that the assessments only focused on events of 250 attendees and not the full potential of 1,000.

The TA capacity assessment summary advised that the adjacent development was found acceptable with a larger reported traffic impact. It was agreed as acceptable following commitment to planned improvements to mitigate the identified impact. It is then suggested in the TA that this proposal could also be accommodated through minor reconfiguration works.

The SA1 development was considered on its own merits and proposed mitigation that was obviously considered acceptable at the time of decision. The subject of this application was not factored into that process and will need to consider it's own mitigation, after first assessing the full impact of the development.

To conclude, we do not accept the findings of the TA and we do not accept that the Depot proposals can be accommodated within existing infrastructure given that the base assumptions referenced in the TA are flawed.

#### **Summary**

Based on the above consultation response, it is clear that there are safety concerns over vulnerable road users at this location, particularly given the nature of the proposals. There are further concerns on the methodology for forecasting development impact, under representation of the events at capacity assessment and overall lack of mitigation proposed. The Highway Authority considers that this application should be recommended for refusal.

#### CITY AND COUNTY OF SWANSEA



### **TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990-2004** REFUSAL OF PLANNING PERMISSION

TO:

Mr Andrew Bates Geraint John Planning Office 16 (House 1, 2nd Floor) The Maltings East Tyndall Street Cardiff **CF24 5EA** 

**DATE VALID:** 

25.10.2018

**APPLICATION NO:** 

2018/2249/FUL

**APPLICANT:** 

Mr Nicholas Saunders

The CITY AND COUNTY OF SWANSEA, in exercise of its powers under the above ACT, hereby REFUSES planning permission for:-

SITE LOCATION:

PROPOSAL:

Trampoline Park And Swansea use (class A1, A3, B1 and D2)

The Depot (unit Between Limitless Change of use from storage and distribution (B8) to mixed

Coach Builders) **Langdon Road SA1 Business Park** Swansea SA1 8DB

For the following reasons:

- It has not been demonstrated that the site is the most sequentially preferable in terms of its proposed location and would therefore undermine the principle of locating retail, restaurant and leisure uses within existing commercial centres. As a result the application has failed to demonstrate that the proposed development does not result in material harm to the vitality and viability of the City Centre. Moreover the development would result in the loss of an existing site that would be better retained for uses that are suited to a more peripheral out of centre location. The proposal development would therefore undermine the Council's economic strategy to locate economic development in the most appropriate and sustainable locations and is contrary to Policies EC3, EC4, EC9 and HC18 of the City and County of Swansea Unitary Development Plan (Adopted 2008). Furthermore the principle of development conflicts with the Emerging Local Development Plan in respect of Policy SD K - Fabian Way Corridor in that the majority of the business park site is allocated for Higher Density Residential use alongside Employment Land. Policy RC 2 in that suitability of existing sites and premises within defined centres has not been undertaken and Policy RC 8 in that the proposal is not a site specific proposal or included on the SDA concept plan as an integral element of a planned new neighbourhood.
- 2. The proposed change of use from B8 to a mixed use of A1, A3, B1 and D2 by virtue of the nature of the mix of uses at this location, the hours of operation including late night visitors to and from the premises will harm the amenities and well-being of neighbouring residential occupiers by virtue of late night noise and traffic disturbance. Accordingly the development is contrary to the requirements of policies EV1 (iii) and EV40 of the City and County of Swansea Unitary Development Plan (Adopted 2008) and the Emerging Local Development Plan Policies PS 2 -Placemaking and RP 1 - Safeguarding Public Health and Natural Resources.

- 3. The proposed change of use from B8 to a mix of A1, A3, B1 and D2 would have the propensity to generate additional vehicular flows to and from the site and it has not been adequately established that the development can be accommodated within the existing infrastructure. The submitted Transport Assessment is considered to be flawed in its projections and reasoning in view of the methodology for forecasting development impact, under representation of the events at capacity assessment, insufficient information on parking demands of other business uses in conjunction with the proposed uses and no mitigation proposed to limit the impacts of the development. Accordingly the development is contrary to the requirements of Policies EV3, EC4, HC18, AS1, AS2, AS5 and AS6 of the City and County of Swansea Unitary Development Plan (Adopted 2008) and policies T 1, T 2, T 5 and T 6 of the Emerging Local Development Plan.
- 4. The development includes proposals to hold events with up to 1,000 people in attendance and high numbers of pedestrians would therefore be within the business park which has no footways and is unlit and the wider area. The increase in vulnerable road users within the business park and along Fabian Way would present significant highway safety concerns which would not accord with the provisions of Policies EV3, EC4, HC18, AS1, AS2, AS5 and AS6 of the City and County of Swansea Unitary Development Plan (Adopted 2008) and policies T1, T2 and T5 of the Emerging Local Development Plan.

#### Informatives:

Please view plans on City & County of Swansea website http://property.swansea.gov.uk

- 1. The development plan covering the City and County of Swansea is the City and County of Swansea Unitary Development Plan. The following policies were relevant to the consideration of the application: EV1, EV40, HC18, EC3, EC4, EC9, AS1, AS2, AS5 and AS6 and policies contained within the Emerging Local Development Plan.
- PLANS

1833-20-100 proposed ground floor plan, 1833-20-101 proposed first floor plan, 1833-20-200 proposed elevations and section, 1833-20-290 proposed site plan, received 22nd October 2018. Location plan, received 25th October 2018.

DATED: 20th December 2018

PJJHolmes

## PHIL HOLMES HEAD OF PLANNING & CITY REGENERATION

PLEASE NOTE: Your attention is drawn to the attached notes which explain, amongst other things, your right of appeal against this decision.

#### THE APPLICANT'S ATTENTION IS DRAWN TO THE NOTES BELOW

1. If the applicant is aggrieved by the decision of the Local Planning Authority to refuse permission or approval of the proposed development, or to refuse to grant a Certificate of Lawful Use or Lawful Proposed Use, or to grant permission or approval subject to conditions, he may appeal to the Welsh Ministers in accordance with Sections 78(1) and Section 195/196 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, as amended by the Planning and Compensation Act 1991.

Appeals must be made within a prescribed time period. For 'Householder Appeals' and 'Minor Commercial Appeals' validated from 22<sup>nd</sup> June 2015 onwards, the prescribed period is 12 weeks from the date of this notice. For all other planning appeals, the prescribed period is 6 months from the date of this notice. The definitions of 'Householder' and 'Minor Commercial' applications are available to view at the following website:

http://www.assembly.wales/laid%20documents/sub-ld10212/sub-ld10212-e.pdf.

Appeals must be made on a form which is obtainable from the Planning Inspectorate, Crown Buildings, Cathays Park, Cardiff, CF10 3NQ – Tel 0303 444 5940, <a href="http://gov.wales/topics/planning/appeals/appeal-guidance-and-information/?lang=en">http://gov.wales/topics/planning/appeals/appeal-guidance-and-information/?lang=en</a>

Further information on the appeals process is also available on this website. The Welsh Ministers can allow a longer period for the giving of notice of appeal but they will not normally be prepared to exercise this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal. The Welsh Ministers are not required to entertain an appeal if it appears to them that permission for the proposed development could not have been granted by the Local Planning Authority or could not have been so granted otherwise than subject to the conditions imposed by them, having regard to the statutory requirements to the provisions of the development order, and to any directions given under the order. The Welsh Ministers do not in practice refuse to entertain appeals solely because the decision of the Local Planning Authority was based on a direction given by them.

- 2. If permission to develop land is refused or granted subject to conditions, whether by the Local Planning Authority or by the Welsh Ministers, and the owner of the land claims that the land has become incapable or reasonably beneficial use in its existing state and cannot be rendered capable of reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted, the owner may serve a purchase notice on the local planning authority in whose area the land is situated. This notice will require the local planning authority to purchase the owner's interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990. (The local planning authority may accept the notice and proceed to acquire the land; or reject the notice in which case they must refer the notice to the Welsh Ministers.)
- 3. In certain circumstances, a claim may be made against the Local Planning Authority for compensation, where permission is refused or granted subject to conditions by the Welsh Ministers on appeal or on a reference of the application to him. The circumstances in which such compensation is payable are out in Section 114 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.
- Further correspondence regarding this application should bear the reference number quoted on the top of the form.

Appendix D

Licensing representations



Mr. Charles Gabe Licensing Officer Licensing Civic Centre Swansea SA1 3SN

#### CYFARWYDDIAETH LLEOEDD

Canolfan Ddinesig, Heol Ystumllwynarth, Abertawe, SA1 3SN

www.abertawe.gov.uk

#### **DIRECTORATE OF PLACE**

Civic Centre, Oystermouth Road, Swansea, SA1 3SN

#### www.swansea.gov.uk

Gofynnwch am:

Trwyddedu

Please ask for:

Licensina

Llinell Uniongyrchol/Direct Line:

01792-635600

E-bost: E-mail: trwyddedu.iya@abertawe.gov.uk evh.licensing@Swansea.gov.uk

Ein Cyf: Our Ref: Eich Cyf: Your Ref:

> Dyddiad: 14 Ionawr 2019 Date: 14 January 2019

Dear Mr Gabe

<u>Licensing Act 2003 – New Premises License Application – Depot Swansea, Langdon</u> Road, Port Tennant, Swansea, SA1 8PS.

The Licensing Authority as a Responsible Authority makes the following representation to the grant of above mentioned premises licence.

The application for Depot Swansea proposes the following licensable activities during the following times –

Plays, Films, Indoor Sporting Events, Boxing or Wrestling, Live Music, Recorded Music, Performance of Dance, Anything similar to Music/Dance & Supply of Alcohol

Monday to Sunday 1000 - 0000

Late Night Refreshment

Monday to Sunday 2300 - 0030

With the premises open to the Public Monday to Sunday 1000 - 0030

Croesewir gohebiaeth yn y Gymraeg a byddwn yn ymateb yn Gymraeg. Byddwn yn ymdrin â gohebiaeth Gymraeg a Saesneg i'r un safonau ac amserlenni. The Premises is located within a commercial estate situated on Langdon Road next to Fabian Way.

Part M a) of the operating schedule states – the applicants also have a strong set of policies and procedures that ensure the safe running of their venue in Cardiff and these have been submitted with the application and will be incorporated into the operation in Swansea.

However only a short outline on a 2 sided document has been submitted with the application which refers to a Dispersal Policy, Road Safety, Private Hire Cars Arrangement, Rubbish Patrol and Training.

The Dispersal Policy does not fully address the Road Safety issues within the car park area to ensure separation of customers and traffic within a very busy commercial unit area.

The Road Safety Policy does not address that the pedestrian gate which leads directly onto a narrow pavement on Fabian Way. This raises serious concerns in relation to customer safety when leaving the premises, some of whom will be vulnerable due to alcohol consumption.

Sufficient provision of taxis and a dedicated taxi rank outside the premises has been outlined in the operating schedule however the detail in relation to this important issue has not been addressed fully as part of the dispersal policy. There are already issues in the City Centre on busy event nights to service the existing ranks to ensure customers are dispersed safely. Concern is raised that this is not an area that would be normally serviced by taxis and private hire firms without prior arrangement.

The biggest concern is in relation to patrons walking to and from the venue, through a well-used commercial area with no public footpaths which is currently poorly lit with uneven surfaces. The commercial unit currently accommodates a number of garage type businesses which include a driving school for HGV and motorbikes, all of these types of vehicles passing through the area in which this premises will be located.

There are a large number of parked vehicles during all hours including overnight in connection with the businesses in this unit. There are also discarded items such as large towers of pallets and general rubbish. These are all matters of public safety that would be out of the licensees control when patrons access the area to attend the premises.

There is also reference to the training at all levels given to staff to ensure understanding and implementation of the venue's specific dispersal procedure. This was not evident in the submission of the application.

I make reference to the relevant parts of the Guidance issued under section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003, namely:

#### **Public Safety**

- 2.7 License holders have a responsibility to ensure the safety of those using their premises, as part of the duties under the 2003 Act.
- 2.8 A number of matters should be considered in relation to Public Safety. These may include

Ensuring the safety of people when leaving the premises (for example, through the provision of information on late night transportation)

Ensuring safe departure of those using the premises



- 2.10 Licence holders should make provision to ensure that premises users safely leave their premises. Measures that may assist include:
  - Providing information on the premises of local taxi companies who can provide safe transportation home; and
  - Ensuring adequate lighting outside the premises, particularly on paths leading to and from the premises and in car parks.

Whilst the applicant has tried to address some of the issues in their application the unsuitability of the location for this venue is the overwhelming factor.

In conclusion this application should be refused on Public Safety grounds having full regard to the unsuitability of the location of the proposed premises for the reasons stated above.

If I can provide any additional information please do not hesitate to contact me.

Yours sincerely

Rachel Loosemore Swyddog Trwyddedu Licensing Officer



## Appendix D

Other persons representations

Cllr Hale Electoral Ward – St Thomas

Linda Summons also representing eleven residents of Bevans Row

From:

Hale, Joe (Councillor) < Cllr.Joe.Hale@swansea.gov.uk>

Sent:

07 January 2019 11:22

Subject:

Re: Depot

Follow Up Flag:

Follow up

Flag Status:

Flagged

Hi Charles.

After looking at the application in detail i do have concerns regarding visitors to this proposed site being able to access this site in a safe manner.

bearing in mind it is at the far end of a busy industrial site.

The entrance has no noticeable footpath to distinguish it from the roadway.

The only exits are again said road or a side gate onto fabian way.

given the late finnish of proposed events i belive we could have major issues of noise and distutbance for residents of Sa1 ,bevans row and Port Tennant.

Regards. Joe.

000.

#### Get Outlook for Android

From: Gabe, Charles

Sent: Thursday, December 20, 2018 11:11:38 AM

Subject: Depot

A new premises licence application has been made by

Eventile Limited, The Depot, Dumballs Road, Cardiff. CF10 5FE

For the premises

Depot, Langdon Road, Port Tennant, Swansea. SA1 8PB

The licensable activities are

Plays Monday to Sunday 10:00 – 00:00hrs

Films Monday to Sunday 10:00 – 00:00hrs

**Indoor Sporting Events Monday to Sunday 10:00 – 00:00hrs** 

Boxing, Wrestling Monday to Sunday 10:00 - 00:00hrs

Live Music Monday to Sunday 10:00 - 00:00hrs

Recorded Music Monday to Sunday 10:00 - 00:00hrs

Performance of Dance Monday to Sunday 10:00 - 00:00hrs

Anything similar to e, f or g above Monday to Sunday 10:00 - 00:00hrs

Late night refreshment Monday to Sunday 23:00 – 00:30hrs

Supply of Alcohol Monday to Sunday 10:00 - 00:00hrs

Any representations are to be made in writing by 15<sup>th</sup> January 2019 If you require any further information please contact me on the details below. Regards,

Charles

Charles Gabe

Swyddog Trwyddedu/Licensing Officer

# Dinas a Sir Abertawe/City and County of Swansea. 01792 635600

Croesewir gohebiaeth yn y Gymraeg a byddwn yn ymdrin â gohebiaeth Gymraeg a Saesneg i'r un safonau ac amserlenni. We welcome correspondence in Welsh and will deal with Welsh and English correspondence to the same standards and timescales.

A wnewch chi ystyried yr amgylchedd cyn argraffu'r neges hon. Please consider the environment before printing this e-mail.





## REPRESENTATION

Below is a response from residents of Bevans Row SA1 8PB:

Ref: Licensing Application The Depot. (Planning Application No 2018/2249/FUL)

This statement is a response to the above application applying the four licensing objectives.

#### **Public Safety:**

There is no defined pedestrian access within the commercial area leading to the proposed development. The one other pedestrian entry point is via a gateway on Fabian Way. Due to the high flow and speed of traffic on this highway during operating hours, it presents a high risk to public safety within the confined area and the public highway.

#### The Prevention of Crime and Disorder & Public Nuisance:

The main access point runs parallel to the residential properties of Bevans Row. With the extended hours of selling alcohol and the requested time period of trading i.e. from a.m. into the early hours of the following morning over seven days a week; there is a high possibility of significant public nuisance and disorder in close proximity to residential properties.

Research into the effects of alcohol on human behaviour are well documented.

No amount of mitigation against noise levels from the venue can have any influence over alcohol fuelled anti-social behaviour whilst exiting the surrounding area during the proposed hours. There is the potential that disturbances will occur on a regular basis and therefore, may require sustainable police involvement.

## The Protection of children from harm:

Adjacent to this proposal is a facility which attracts younger members of the public. Due to the limitations in accessing this area due consideration should be given to this area of concern.